

# TRIM28 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10160

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q13263</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">NP_005753</a> , <a href="#">5032179</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	88550
<b>Concentration (mg/ml)</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Application Notes</b>	TRIM28 antibody can be used for detection of TRIM28 by Western blot at 1 - 2 $\mu$ g/mL.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	10155
<b>Other Names</b>	TRIM28 Antibody: KAP1, TF1B, RNF96, TIF1B, KAP1, Transcription intermediary factor 1-beta, E3 SUMO-protein ligase TRIM28, TIF1-beta, tripartite motif containing 28
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	TRIM28; At least three isoforms of TRIM28 are known to exist; this antibody will detect all three isoforms
<b>Reconstitution &amp; Storage</b>	TRIM28 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.
<b>Precautions</b>	TRIM28 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	TRIM28 ( <a href="#">HGNC:16384</a> )
<b>Synonyms</b>	KAP1, RNF96, TIF1B
<b>Function</b>	Nuclear corepressor for KRAB domain-containing zinc finger proteins (KRAB-ZFPs). Mediates gene silencing by recruiting CHD3, a subunit of the nucleosome remodeling and deacetylation (NuRD) complex, and SETDB1 (which specifically methylates histone H3 at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me)) to the promoter regions of KRAB target genes. Enhances transcriptional repression by coordinating the increase in H3K9me, the decrease in histone H3 'Lys-9 and 'Lys-14' acetylation (H3K9ac and H3K14ac, respectively) and the disposition of HP1 proteins to silence gene expression. Recruitment of SETDB1 induces

heterochromatinization. May play a role as a coactivator for CEBPB and NR3C1 in the transcriptional activation of ORM1. Also a corepressor for ERBB4. Inhibits E2F1 activity by stimulating E2F1-HDAC1 complex formation and inhibiting E2F1 acetylation. May serve as a partial backup to prevent E2F1-mediated apoptosis in the absence of RB1. Important regulator of CDKN1A/p21(CIP1). Has E3 SUMO-protein ligase activity toward itself via its PHD-type zinc finger. Also specifically sumoylates IRF7, thereby inhibiting its transactivation activity. Ubiquitinates p53/TP53 leading to its proteasomal degradation; the function is enhanced by MAGEC2 and MAGEA2, and possibly MAGEA3 and MAGEA6. Mediates the nuclear localization of KRX1, ZNF268 and ZNF300 transcription factors. In association with isoform 2 of ZFP90, is required for the transcriptional repressor activity of FOXP3 and the suppressive function of regulatory T-cells (Treg) (PubMed:[23543754](#)). Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS-mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:[24623306](#)). Required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:[24623306](#)). In ESCs, in collaboration with SETDB1, is also required for H3K9me3 and silencing of endogenous and introduced retroviruses in a DNA-methylation independent-pathway (By similarity). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:[24623306](#)). The SETDB1-TRIM28-ZNF274 complex may play a role in recruiting ATRX to the 3'-exons of zinc- finger coding genes with atypical chromatin signatures to establish or maintain/protect H3K9me3 at these transcriptionally active regions (PubMed:[27029610](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus Note=Associated with centromeric heterochromatin during cell differentiation through CBX1 (By similarity). Localizes to sites of DNA damage (PubMed:25593309). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q62318, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:25593309}

#### Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues tested including spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small intestine, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes.

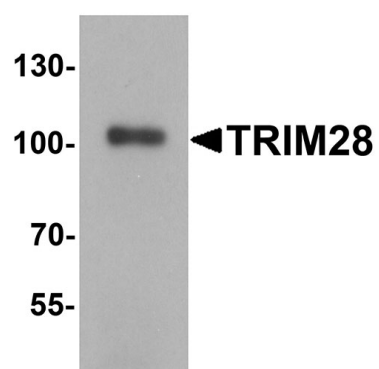
## Background

TRIM28 Antibody: TRIM28, also known as KAP-1, is a member of the Transcriptional Intermediary Factor 1 (TIF1) subfamily and contains a RING finger, B box, Coiled coil, PHD/TTC, and bromodomain. TRIM28 is a corepressor for Kruppel-associated box (KRAB)-domain-containing zinc finger proteins and plays a critical role in early embryogenesis. TRIM28 acts as a transcriptional mediator by binding liganded nuclear receptors, including retinoic acid (RAR), retinoid X (RXR) and estrogen (ER) receptors. TRIM28 associates with both heterochromatin and euchromatin, causing gene silencing by both HP1 binding and histone deacetylation.

## References

- Friedman JR, Fredericks WJ, Jensen DE, et al. KAP-1, a novel corepressor for the highly conserved KRAB repression domain. *Genes Dev.* 1996; 10:2067-78.
- Cammas F, Mark M, Dolle P, et al. Mice lacking the transcriptional corepressor TIF1beta are defective in early postimplantation development. *Dev.* 2000; 127:2955-63.
- Chang CJ, Chen YL, and Lee SC. Coactivator TIF1beta interacts with transcription factor C/EBPbeta and glucocorticoid receptor to induce alpha1-acid glycoprotein gene expression. *Mol. Cell Biol.* 1998; 18:5880-7
- Groner AC, Meylan S, Ciuffi A, et al. KRAB-zinc finger proteins and KAP1 can mediate long-range transcriptional repression through heterochromatin spreading. *PLoS Genet.* 2010; 6:e1000869.

## Images



Western blot analysis of TRIM28 in human testis tissue lysate with TRIM28 antibody at 1  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.