

PHAP Antibody

Catalog # ASC10197

Product Information

ApplicationWB, E, IHC-PPrimary AccessionP39687

Other Accession P39687, 730318
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 28585
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

Application Notes PHAP antibody can be used for detection of all three identified isoforms of

PHAP including PHAP I, PHAP I2a, and PHAP III by Western blot at 1 [g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 1 [g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID 8125

Other Names PHAP Antibody: LANP, MAPM, PP32, HPPCn, PHAP1, PHAPI, I1PP2A, C15orf1,

LANP, Acidic leucine-rich nuclear phosphoprotein 32 family member A, Acidic nuclear phosphoprotein pp32, acidic (leucine-rich) nuclear phosphoprotein 32

family, member A

Target/Specificity ANP32A;

Reconstitution & Storage PHAP antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up

to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

Precautions PHAP Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name ANP32A

Synonyms C15orf1, LANP, MAPM, PHAP1

Function Multifunctional protein that is involved in the regulation of many processes

including tumor suppression, apoptosis, cell cycle progression or

transcription (PubMed: 10400610, PubMed: 11360199, PubMed: 16341127, PubMed: 18439902). Promotes apoptosis by favouring the activation of caspase-9/CASP9 and allowing apoptosome formation (PubMed: 18439902). In

addition, plays a role in the modulation of histone acetylation and transcription as part of the INHAT (inhibitor of histone acetyltransferases) complex. Inhibits the histone- acetyltranferase activity of EP300/CREBBP (CREB-binding protein) and EP300/CREBBP-associated factor by histone masking (PubMed:11830591). Preferentially binds to unmodified histone H3 and sterically inhibiting its acetylation and phosphorylation leading to cell growth inhibition (PubMed: 16341127). Participates in other biochemical processes such as regulation of mRNA nuclear-to-cytoplasmic translocation and stability by its association with ELAVL1 (Hu-antigen R)

(PubMed:18180367). Plays a role in E4F1-mediated transcriptional repression as well as inhibition of protein phosphatase 2A (PubMed: 15642345,

PubMed: 17557114).

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Translocates to the **Cellular Location**

cytoplasm during the process of neuritogenesis (By similarity). Shuttles

between nucleus and cytoplasm. {ECO:0000250,

ECO:0000269 | PubMed:18180367}

Tissue Location Expressed in all tissues tested. Highly expressed in kidney and skeletal

> muscle, moderate levels of expression in brain, placenta and pancreas, and weakly expressed in lung. Found in all regions of the brain examined (amygdala, caudate nucleus, corpus callosum, hippocampus and thalamus),

with highest levels in amygdala

Background

PHAP Antibody: Apoptosis is related to many diseases and development. Caspase-9 plays a central role in cell death induced by a variety of apoptosis activators. Cytochrome c, after released from mitochondria, binds to Apaf-1, which forms an apoptosome that in turn binds to and activate procaspase-9. Activated caspase-9 cleaves and activates the effector caspases (caspase-3, -6 and -7), which are responsible for the proteolytic cleavage of many key proteins in apoptosis. The tumor suppressor putative HLA-DR-associated proteins (PHAPs) were recently identified as important regulators of mitochondrion apoptosis. PHAP appears to facilitate apoptosome-medicated caspase-9 activation and to stimulate the mitochondrial apoptotic pathway. PHAP was also shown to oppose both Ras- and Myc-medicated cell transformation.

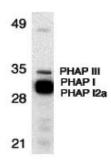
References

Jiang X, Kim HE, Shu H, Zhao Y, Zhang H, Kofron J, Donnelly J, Burns D, Ng SC, Rosenberg S, Wang X. Distinctive roles of PHAP proteins and prothymosin- α in a death regulatory pathway. Science. 2003;299(5604):223-6.

Nicholson DW, Thornberry NA. Apoptosis. Life and death decisions. Science. 2003 10;299(5604):214-5.

Images

Western blot analysis of PHAP expression in human Raji cell lysate with PHAP antibody at 1 µg/mL. The wide and strong band below PHAP III is a doublelet composed of PHAP I (upper) and PHAP I2a (lower).





Immunocytochemistry of PHAP in Raji cells with PHAP antibody at 1 $\mu\text{g/mL}.$

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.