

# ILPIP Antibody

Catalog # ASC10212

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E, IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9C0K7</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">NP_061041</a> , <a href="#">13027388</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	47026
<b>Concentration (mg/ml)</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Application Notes</b>	ILPIP antibody can be used for the detection of ILPIP by Western blot at 1 to 2 $\mu$ g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 10 $\mu$ g/mL.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	55437
<b>Other Names</b>	ILPIP Antibody: PAPK, ILPIP, ILPIPA, ALS2CR2, CALS-21, PRO1038, STE20-related kinase adapter protein beta, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 2 chromosomal region candidate gene 2 protein, STRAD beta, STE20-related kinase adaptor beta
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	STRADB;
<b>Reconstitution &amp; Storage</b>	ILPIP antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.
<b>Precautions</b>	ILPIP Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	STRADB
<b>Synonyms</b>	ALS2CR2, ILPIP
<b>Function</b>	Pseudokinase which, in complex with CAB39/MO25 (CAB39/MO25alpha or CAB39L/MO25beta), binds to and activates STK11/LKB1. Adopts a closed conformation typical of active protein kinases and binds STK11/LKB1 as a pseudosubstrate, promoting conformational change of STK11/LKB1 in an active conformation (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in heart, skeletal muscle, testis, liver and colon.

## Background

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**ILPIP Antibody:** ILPIP (ILP-interacting protein) has recently been shown to interact with XIAP, a member of the IAP (Inhibitor of Apoptosis) protein family. Together, these two proteins synergistically activate the TAK1/JNK1 signal transduction pathway, which acts to protect against the interleukin-1 $\beta$  converting enzyme of Fas-induced apoptosis. This protein was independently isolated and characterized as polyploidy-associated protein kinase (PAPK), a member of the Ste20/germinal center kinase family that modulates cytoskeletal organization and cell survival, suggesting that its protective role may be a function of its kinase activity. Although two mRNA sequences have been isolated, only the shorter isoform has been observed.

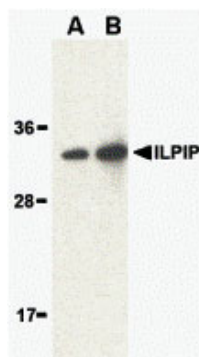
## References

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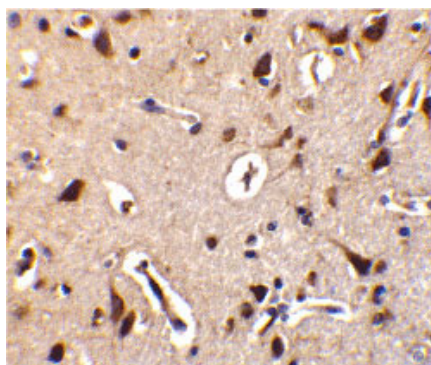
Sanna MG, Correia JS, Luo Y, et al. (2002) ILPIP, a novel anti-apototic protein that enhances XIAP-mediated activation of JNK and protection of apoptosis. *J. Biol. Chem.* 277:30454-62.  
Sanna MG, Duckett CS, Richter BW, et al. (1998) Selective activation of JNK1 is necessary for the anti-apototic activity of hILP. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA* 95:6015-20.  
Nishigaki K, Thompson D, Yugawa T, et al. (2003) Identification and characterization of a novel Ste20/germinal center kinase-related kinase, polyploidy-associated protein kinase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278:13520-30.

## Images

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Western blot analysis of ILPIP in human brain lysate with ILPIP antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2  $\mu$ g/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of ILPIP in human brain tissue with ILPIP antibody at 10  $\mu$ g/mL.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.