

TRPC6 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10451

Product Information

Application WB, E, IHC-P **Primary Accession** <u>09Y210</u>

Other Accession AAH93658, 62739910
Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 106326
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

Application Notes TRPC6 antibody can be used for the detection of TRPC6 by Western blot at 0.5

- 1 [g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 10

□g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID 7225

Other Names TRPC6 Antibody: TRP6, FSGS2, TRP6, Short transient receptor potential

channel 6, Transient receptor protein 6, TrpC6, transient receptor potential

cation channel, subfamily C, member 6

Target/Specificity TRPC6; This antibody may cross-react with TRPC3.

Reconstitution & Storage TRPC6 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for

up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

PrecautionsTRPC6 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name TRPC6 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:9930701, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:12338}

Function Forms a receptor-activated non-selective calcium permeant cation channel

(PubMed: 19936226, PubMed: 23291369, PubMed: 26892346,

PubMed:9930701). Probably is operated by a phosphatidylinositol second messenger system activated by receptor tyrosine kinases or G-protein coupled receptors. Activated by diacylglycerol (DAG) in a membrane-delimited fashion, independently of protein kinase C (PubMed:26892346). Seems not to be activated by intracellular calcium store depletion.

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location Expressed primarily in placenta, lung, spleen, ovary and small intestine.

Expressed in podocytes and is a component of the glomerular slit diaphragm.

Background

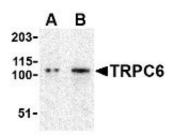
TRPC6 Antibody: The mammalian transient receptor potential (TRP) superfamily can be divided into three major families including the "canonical TRP" (TRPC) family. The seven members of this family share the activation through PLC-coupled receptors and have been suggested to be components of receptor-regulated cation channels in different cell types. Furthermore, the members of the TRPC3/6/7 subfamily can be activated by diacylglycerol (DAG) analogs, suggesting a possible mechanism of activation of these channels by PLC-coupled receptors. When expressed in transfected cells, TRPC6 acts as a non-selective store-independent receptor-activated cation channel. It is activated by DAG in a PKC-independent manner and is insensitive to IP3 activation. There is increasing evidence that TRPC6 encodes endogenous DAG-activated receptor-operated cation channels in vivo.

References

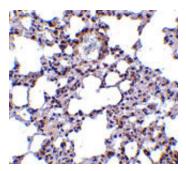
Contell C, Birnbaumer V, Flockerzi V, et al. A unified nomenclature for the superfamily of TRP cation channels. Mol. Cell 2002; 9:229-31.

Dietrich A, Kalwa H, Rost BR, et al. The diacylglycerol-sensitive TRPC3/6/7 subfamily of cation channels: functional characterization and physiological relevance. Pflugers Arch. 2005; 451:72-80. Trebak M, Vazquez G, Bird GSJ, et al. The TRPC3/6/7 subfamily of cation channels. Cell Calcium 2003; 33:451-61

Images



Western blot analysis of TRPC6 in K562 cell lysate with TRPC6 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 μ g/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of TRPC6 in mouse lung tissue with TRPC6 antibody at 10 µg/mL.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.