

# APH1 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10485

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q96BI3</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">AAH08732</a> , <a href="#">14250557</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	28996
<b>Concentration (mg/ml)</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Application Notes</b>	APH1 antibody can be used for detection of APH1 by Western blot at 0.5 - 2 $\mu$ g/mL. Despite its predicted molecular weight, APH1 protein often migrates at aberrant locations in SDS-PAGE.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	51107
<b>Other Names</b>	APH1 Antibody: APH-1, APH-1A, CGI-78, 6530402N02Rik, PSF, UNQ579/PRO1141, Gamma-secretase subunit APH-1A, Aph-1alpha, APH-1a, anterior pharynx defective 1 homolog A (C. elegans)
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	APH1A;
<b>Reconstitution &amp; Storage</b>	APH1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.
<b>Precautions</b>	APH1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	APH1A
<b>Synonyms</b>	PSF
<b>Function</b>	Non-catalytic subunit of the gamma-secretase complex, an endoprotease complex that catalyzes the intramembrane cleavage of integral membrane proteins such as Notch receptors and APP (amyloid- beta precursor protein) (PubMed: <a href="#">12297508</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12522139</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12679784</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12763021</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25043039</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">26280335</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30598546</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30630874</a> ). Required for normal

gamma-secretase assembly (PubMed:[12471034](#), PubMed:[12522139](#), PubMed:[12763021](#), PubMed:[19369254](#)). The gamma-secretase complex plays a role in Notch and Wnt signaling cascades and regulation of downstream processes via its role in processing key regulatory proteins, and by regulating cytosolic CTNNB1 levels (Probable).

#### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, Golgi stack membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  
Note=Predominantly located in the endoplasmic reticulum and in the cis-Golgi

#### Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Expressed in leukocytes, lung, placenta, small intestine, liver, kidney, spleen thymus, skeletal muscle, heart and brain. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are nearly expressed at the same level.

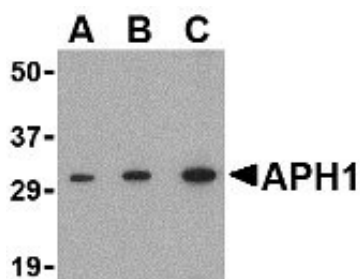
## Background

APH1 Antibody: APH1 was initially identified as a component of the Notch pathway in *C. elegans*. Along with nicastrin, PEN2, and presenilin-1 APH1 is an essential component of the gamma-secretase complex which cleave the amyloid precursor protein (APP) at what are known as the gamma- and epsilon-sites and can lead to the accumulation of the Amyloid beta peptide (A $\beta$ ) cleavage product that is associated with Alzheimer's disease. APH1 exists in at least three distinct isoforms with APH1a as the principal isoform present in the gamma-secretase complex. Mice deficient in this isoform, but not the other two, were lethal at E10.5, with impaired vascular and neural development observed.

## References

Goutte C, Tsunozaki M, Hale VA, et al. APH-1 is a multipass membrane protein essential for the Notch signaling pathway in *Caenorhabditis elegans* embryos. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 2002; 99:775-9.  
Periz G and Fortini ME. Functional reconstitution of  $\gamma$ secretase through coordinated expression of presenilin, nicastrin, aph-1, and pen-2. *J. Neurosci. Res.* 2004; 77:309-22.  
Selkoe DJ. The cell biology of  $\beta$ amyloid precursor protein and presenilin in Alzheimer's disease. *Trends Cell Biol.* 1998; 8:447-53.  
Ma G, Li T, Price DL, et al. APH-1a is the principal mammalian aph-1 isoform present in  $\gamma$ -secretase complexes during embryonic development. *Neuro. Dis.* 2005; 25:192-8.

## Images



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