

# TRIM25 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10576

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IF, ICC, E **Primary Accession** Q14258

Other Accession NP\_005073, 68160937
Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 70973
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

**Application Notes** TRIM25 antibody can be used for detection of TRIM25 by Western blot at 1

□g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunocytochemistry starting at 20

□g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 □g/mL.

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 7706

Other Names E3 ubiquitin/ISG15 ligase TRIM25, 6.3.2.19, 6.3.2.n3, Estrogen-responsive

finger protein, RING finger protein 147, Tripartite motif-containing protein 25, Ubiquitin/ISG15-conjugating enzyme TRIM25, Zinc finger protein 147, TRIM25,

EFP, RNF147, ZNF147

Target/Specificity TRIM25;

**Reconstitution & Storage** TRIM25 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for

up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

**Precautions** TRIM25 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name TRIM25

**Synonyms** EFP {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:8248217}, RNF147

**Function** Functions as a ubiquitin E3 ligase and as an ISG15 E3 ligase

(PubMed: 16352599). Involved in innate immune defense against viruses by

mediating ubiquitination of RIGI and IFIH1 (PubMed: 17392790, PubMed: 29357390, PubMed: 30193849, PubMed: 31710640, PubMed: 33849980, PubMed: 36045682). Mediates 'Lys-63'-linked

polyubiquitination of the RIGI N-terminal CARD-like region and may play a role in signal transduction that leads to the production of interferons in response to viral infection (PubMed: 17392790, PubMed: 23950712). Mediates 'Lys-63'- linked polyubiquitination of IFIH1 (PubMed:30193849). Promotes ISGylation of 14-3-3 sigma (SFN), an adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum signaling pathway (PubMed:16352599, PubMed: 17069755). Mediates estrogen action in various target organs (PubMed:<u>22452784</u>). Mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of ZFHX3 (PubMed:22452784). Plays a role in promoting the restart of stalled replication forks via interaction with the KHDC3L-OOEP scaffold and subsequent ubiquitination of BLM, resulting in the recruitment and retainment of BLM at DNA replication forks (By similarity). Plays an essential role in the antiviral activity of ZAP/ZC3HAV1; an antiviral protein which inhibits the replication of certain viruses. Mechanistically, mediates 'Lys-63'- linked polyubiquitination of ZAP/ZC3HAV1 that is required for its optimal binding to target mRNA (PubMed: 28060952, PubMed:28202764). Also mediates the ubiquitination of various substrates implicated in stress granule formation, nonsense-mediated mRNA decay, nucleoside synthesis and mRNA translation and stability (PubMed:36067236).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, Stress granule. Nucleus

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q61510}

**Tissue Location** Expressed in breast tumors (at protein level). Ubiquitous.

## **Background**

TRIM25 Antibody: TRIM25, also known as estrogen responsive finger protein (EFP) is a member of the RING finger-B box-coiled coil family and is a downstream target of estrogen receptor a. Mice lacking this gene displayed an underdeveloped uterus and reduced estrogen responsiveness demonstrating that this protein is essential for estrogen dependent proliferation. TRIM25 expression is increased in breast carcinoma where it promotes the growth of breast tumor by functioning as an E3 ubiquitin ligase that targets the negative cell cycle checkpoint 14-3-3s. Recent reports have indicated that TRIM25 E3 ubiquitin ligase is essential for the retinoic-acid-inducible gene 1 (RIG-1) signaling pathway to elicit host antiviral innate immunity.

#### References

Inoue S, Orimo A, Hosoi T, et al. Genomic binding-site cloning reveals an estrogen-responsive gene that encodes a RING finger protein. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA1993; 11117-20.

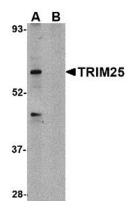
Orimo A, Inoue S, Minowa O, et al. Underdeveloped uterus and reduced estrogen responsiveness in mice with disruption of the estrogen-responsive finger protein gene, which is a direct target of estrogen receptor a. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA1999; 96:12027-32.

Thomson SD, Ali S, Pickles L, et al. Analysis of estrogen-responsive finger protein expression in benign and malignant human breast. Int. J. Cancer2001; 91:152-8.

Urano T, Saito T, Tsukui T, et al. Efp targets 14-3-3s for proteolysis and promotes breast tumour growth. Nature2002; 417:871-5.

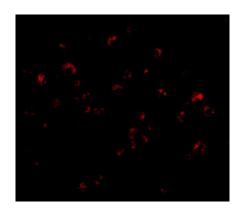
# **Images**

Western blot analysis of TRIM25 in HeLa cell lysate in (A) the absence and (B) presence of blocking peptide with TRIM25 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/mL.





Immunocytochemistry of TRIM25 in HeLa cells with TRIM25 antibody at 20  $\mu\text{g/mL}.$ 



Immunofluorescence of TRIM25 in HeLa cells with TRIM25 antibody at 20  $\mu\text{g/mL}.$ 

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