

# PPAPDC1B Antibody

Catalog # ASC11027

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** <u>O8NEB5</u>

Other Accession NP\_001096029, 156523237

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 29484
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

**Application Notes** PPAPDC1B antibody can be used for detection of PPAPDC1B by Western blot

at 1 - 2 □g/mL.

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 84513

Other Names Phosphatidate phosphatase PPAPDC1B, 3.1.3.4, Phosphatidic acid

phosphatase type 2 domain-containing protein 1B, PPAPDC1B, DPPL1, HTPAP

**Target/Specificity** PPAPDC1B;

**Reconstitution & Storage** PPAPDC1B antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable

for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged

high temperatures.

**Precautions** PPAPDC1B Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name PLPP5 ( HGNC:25026)

Function Magnesium-independent phospholipid phosphatase with broad substrate

specificity (PubMed:<u>17590538</u>). Preferentially catalyzes the conversion of diacylglycerol pyrophosphate into phosphatidate but can also act on phosphatidate and lysophosphatidate (PubMed:<u>17590538</u>). Phospholipid phosphatases are involved in both the synthesis of lipids and the generation

or degradation of lipid-signaling molecules (PubMed: 17590538).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q3UMZ3}

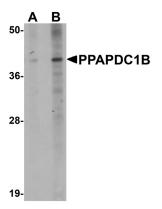
# **Background**

PPAPDC1B Antibody: Phosphatidate phosphatase (PAP) plays important role in lipid-signaling metabolism in eukaryotic cells. Two distinct types of PAP (PAP1 and PAP2) activity have been distinguished by their subcellular localization and differential sensitivity to N-ethylmaleimide (NEM) and Mg2+. A yeast diacylglycerol pyrophosphate (DGPP) phosphatase (DPP1) and mammalian DGPP phosphatase (PAP2) have been identified as Mg2+-independent and NEM-insensitive membrane-associated. PPAPDC1A (also known as DPPL2) and PPAPDC1B (DPPL1) form a novel type of Mg2+-independent and NEM-sensitive mammalian phosphatidate phosphatase showing broad substrate specificity. Knockdown experiments indicated that this protein is involved with multiple cell signaling pathways, including the JAK-Stat3, MAP kinase, and PKC pathways. PPAPDC1B may also potentiate the estrogen receptor pathway by down-regulating DUSP22.

#### References

Takeuchi M, Harigai M, Momohara S, et al. Cloning and characterization of DPPL1 and DPPL2, representatives of a novel type of mammalian phosphatidate phosphatase. Gene2007; 399:174-80. Bernard-Pierrot I, Gruel N, Stransky N, et al. Characterization of the recurrent 8p11-12 amplicon identifies PPAPDC1B, a phosphatase protein, as a new therapeutic target in breast cancer. Cancer Res.2008; 68:7165-75.

## **Images**



Western blot analysis of PPAPDC1B in EL4 cell lysate with PPAPDC1B antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.