

# LXR-A Antibody

Catalog # ASC11053

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IF, E, IHC-P

Primary Accession Q13133

Other Accession NP\_005684, 194294517
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 50396
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

**Application Notes** LXR-A antibody can be used for detection of LXR-A by Western blot at 1 - 2

□g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5

□g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 □g/mL.

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10062

Other Names Oxysterols receptor LXR-alpha, Liver X receptor alpha, Nuclear receptor

subfamily 1 group H member 3, NR1H3, LXRA

Target/Specificity NR1H3;

**Reconstitution & Storage** LXR-A antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up

to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high

temperatures.

**Precautions** LXR-A Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name NR1H3

Synonyms LXRA

**Function** Nuclear receptor that exhibits a ligand-dependent transcriptional activation

activity (PubMed: 19481530, PubMed: 25661920, PubMed: 37478846).

Interaction with retinoic acid receptor (RXR) shifts RXR from its role as a silent DNA-binding partner to an active ligand- binding subunit in mediating retinoid responses through target genes defined by LXRES (PubMed: 37478846). LXRES are DR4-type response elements characterized by direct repeats of two similar hexanuclotide half-sites spaced by four nucleotides (By similarity).

Plays an important role in the regulation of cholesterol homeostasis, regulating cholesterol uptake through MYLIP-dependent ubiquitination of LDLR, VLDLR and LRP8 (PubMed:19481530). Interplays functionally with RORA for the regulation of genes involved in liver metabolism (By similarity). Induces LPCAT3-dependent phospholipid remodeling in endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membranes of hepatocytes, driving SREBF1 processing and lipogenesis (By similarity). Via LPCAT3, triggers the incorporation of arachidonate into phosphatidylcholines of ER membranes, increasing membrane dynamics and enabling triacylglycerols transfer to nascent very low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) particles. Via LPCAT3 also counteracts lipid-induced ER stress response and inflammation, likely by modulating SRC kinase membrane compartmentalization and limiting the synthesis of lipid inflammatory mediators (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus {ECO:0000255 | PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00407,

ECO:0000269 | PubMed:25661920}. Cytoplasm

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9Z0Y9}

**Tissue Location** Visceral organs specific expression. Strong expression was found in liver,

kidney and intestine followed by spleen and to a lesser extent the adrenals

# **Background**

LXR-A Antibody: LXR-A belongs to the Liver X Receptor family that encodes highly homologous transcription factors. Like the highly homologous LXR-B, LXR-A forms heterodimers with the retinoic acid receptor RXRalpha, function as sensors for cellular oxysterols which when activated, increase the expression of genes that control sterol and fatty acid metabolism and homeostasis. Recent experiments have indicated that the LXRs can also modulate both innate and adaptive immune responses. Human and mouse tumors produce LXR ligands that inhibit CCR7 expression on maturing dendritic cells (DCs), thereby allowing tumor immunoescape. In mouse models, it was shown that ablating LXR-A signaling led to an immune-mediated strong inhibition of tumor growth, suggesting that manipulation of this pathway may be a viable anti-cancer approach.

#### References

Willy PJ, Umesono K, Ong ES, et al. LXR, a nuclear receptor that defines a distinct retinoid response pathway. Genes Dev.1995; 9:1033-45.

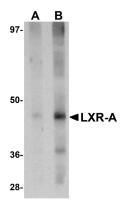
Edwards PA, Kennedy MA, and Mak PA. LXRs; Oxysterol-activated nuclear receptors that regulate genes controlling lipid homeostasis. Vasc. Pharmacol.2002; 38:249-56.

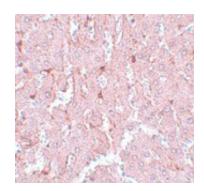
Bensinger SJ and Tontonoz P. Integration of metabolism and inflammation by lipid-activated nuclear receptors. Nature 2008; 454:470-7.

Villablanca EJ, Raccosta L, Zhou D, et al. Tumor-mediated liver X receptor-a activation inhibits CC chemokine reeptor-7 expression on dendritic cells and dampens antitumor responses. Nature Med.2010; 16:98-106.

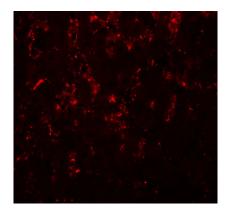
## **Images**

Western blot analysis of LXR-A in rat liver tissue lysate with LXR-A antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.





Immunohistochemistry of LXR-A in rat liver tissue with LXR-A antibody at 5  $\mu\text{g/mL}.$ 



Immunofluorescence of LXR-A in rat liver tissue with LXR-A antibody at 20  $\mu g/mL$ .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.