

APC11 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11122

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, E
Primary Accession	Q9NYG5
Other Accession	NP_001002244 , 50409810
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	9841
Concentration (mg/ml)	1 mg/mL
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Application Notes	APC11 antibody can be used for detection of APC11 by Western blot at 1 - 2 μ g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 μ g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID	51529
Other Names	Anaphase-promoting complex subunit 11, APC11, Cyclosome subunit 11, Hepatocellular carcinoma-associated RING finger protein, ANAPC11
Target/Specificity	ANAPC11;
Reconstitution & Storage	APC11 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.
Precautions	APC11 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ANAPC11
Function	Together with the cullin protein ANAPC2, constitutes the catalytic component of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), a cell cycle-regulated E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls progression through mitosis and the G1 phase of the cell cycle (PubMed: 11739784 , PubMed: 18485873). The APC/C complex acts by mediating ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of target proteins: it mainly mediates the formation of 'Lys-11'-linked polyubiquitin chains and, to a lower extent, the formation of 'Lys-48'- and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains (PubMed: 11739784 , PubMed: 18485873). The APC/C complex catalyzes assembly of branched 'Lys-11'-/'Lys-48'-linked branched ubiquitin chains on target proteins

(PubMed:[29033132](#)). May recruit the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes to the complex (PubMed:[11739784](#), PubMed:[18485873](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus

Tissue Location

Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle and heart; in moderate levels in brain, kidney, and liver; and at low levels in colon, thymus, spleen, small intestine, placenta, lung and peripheral blood leukocyte.

Background

APC11 Antibody: Cell cycle regulated protein ubiquitination and degradation within subcellular domains is thought to be essential for the normal progression of mitosis. APC11 is a highly conserved component of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), a cell cycle-regulated E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls progression through mitosis and the G1 phase of the cell cycle. APC/C is responsible for degrading anaphase inhibitors, mitotic cyclins, and spindle-associated proteins ensuring that events of mitosis take place in proper sequence. The individual APC/C components mRNA and protein levels are expressed at approximately the same levels in most tissues and cell lines, suggesting that they perform their functions as part of a complex. APC11, together with APC2 and Ubc4, form the minimal APC ubiquitin ligase module.

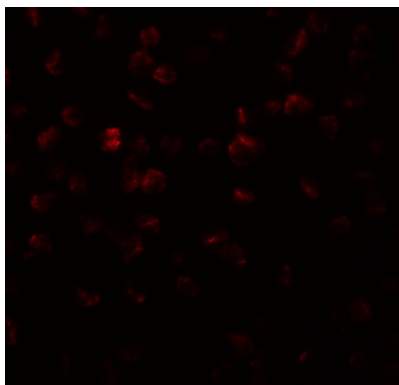
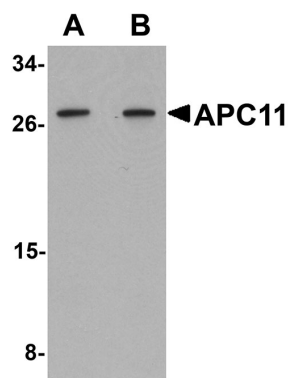
References

JM Peters. The anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome: a machine designed to destroy. Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Biol.2006; 7:644-56.

Jorgensen PM, Graslund S, Betz R, et al. Characterisation of the human APC1, the largest subunit of the anaphase-promoting complex. Gene2001; 262:51-9.

Tan Z, Li B, Bharadwaj R, et al. APC Cullin protein and APC RING protein comprise the minimal ubiquitin ligase module of the anaphase-promoting complex. Mol. Biol. Cell2001; 12:3839-51.

Images



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