

# **SCUBE3** Antibody

Catalog # ASC11167

### **Product Information**

ApplicationE, IHC-PPrimary AccessionQ8IX30

Other Accession <u>NP\_689966</u>, <u>31377568</u>

Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
IgG
Calculated MW
109282
Concentration (mg/ml)
Conjugate
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
IgG
Unconjugate

**Application Notes** SCUBE3 antibody can be used for detection of SCUBE3 by

immunohistochemistry at 5 [g/mL.

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 222663

Other Names Signal peptide, CUB and EGF-like domain-containing protein 3, SCUBE3

(HGNC:13655)

Target/Specificity SCUBE3;

**Reconstitution & Storage** SCUBE3 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for

up to one year.

**Precautions** SCUBE3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name SCUBE3 ( HGNC:13655)

**Function** Is a positive regulator of the BMP signaling pathway, required for proper

chondrogenesis, osteogenesis and skeletal development. It acts as a coreceptor for BMP ligands, particularly BMP2 and BMP4, facilitating their interactions with BMP type I receptors (PubMed:33308444). It is required for ligand-induced recruitment of BMP receptors to lipid rafts (By similarity). Binds to TGFBR2 and activates TGFB signaling. In lung cancer cells, could serve as an endogenous autocrine and paracrine ligand of TGFBR2, which could regulate TGFBR2 signaling and hence modulate epithelial-mesenchymal

transition and cancer progression.

**Cellular Location** Secreted. Cell surface

Highly expressed in osteoblasts. In normal lung, mainly expressed in bronchial epithelial cells. Tends to be up-regulated in lung cancer cells.

# **Background**

SCUBE3 Antibody: SCUBE3 is a member of a family of secreted glycoproteins that contain N-terminal EGF-like repeats and C-terminal cysteine-rich motifs and CUB domain and is highly expressed in primary osteoblasts and bones, and to a lesser extent in heart (1,2). Other studies have shown that overexpression of SCUBE3 in mice induced cardiac hypertrophy, suggesting that it may also play a role in the regulation of cardiac growth. SCUBE3 has been shown to be an endogenous TGF-beta receptor ligand (3,4) and is thought to promote lung cancer cell mobility and invasiveness. In lung cancer cells, the secreted SCUBE3 protein was cleaved by MMP2 and MMP9, allowing the activation of the TGF-beta receptor, the increase of Smad2/3 transcriptional activity and the upregulation of expression of proteins such as TGF-beta1, VEGF, Snail, and Slug.

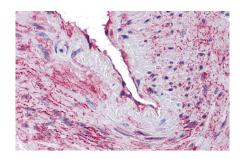
## References

Wu BT, Su YH, Tsai MT, et al. A novel secreted, cell-surface glycoprotein containing multiple epidermal growth factor-like repeats and one CUB domain is highly expressed in primary osteoblasts and bones. J. Biol. Chem. 2004; 279:37485-90.

Yang RB, Ng CK, Wasserman SM, et al. Identification of a novel family of cell-surface proteins expressed in human vascular endothelium. J. Biol. Chem. 2002; 277:46364-73.

Yang HY, Cheng CF, Djoko B, et al. Transgenic overexpression of the secreted, extracellular EGF-CUB domain containing protein SCUBE3 induces cardiac hypertrophy in mice. Cardiovas. Res. 2007; 75:139-47. Wu YY, Peck K, Chang YL, et al. SCUBE3 is an endogenous TGF-β receptor ligand and regulates the epithelial-mesenchymal transition in lung cancer. Oncogene 2011; 30:3682-93.

# **Images**



Immunohistochemistry of SCUBE3 in blood vessel tissue with SCUBE3 antibody at 10  $\mu g/mL$ .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.