

TMEM106B Antibody

Catalog # ASC11462

Product Information

Application WB, IF, E, IHC-P

Primary Accession Q9NUM4

Other Accession <u>NP_060844</u>, <u>40254893</u>

Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
IgG
Calculated MW
31127
Concentration (mg/ml)
Conjugate
Unconjugated

Application Notes TMEM106B antibody can be used for detection of TMEM106B by Western blot

at 1 [g/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at

2.5 g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 2.5 g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID 54664

Other Names Transmembrane protein 106B, TMEM106B

Target/Specificity TMEM106B; This TMEM106B antibody is predicted to have no cross-reactivity

to TMEM106A.

Reconstitution & Storage TMEM106B antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable

for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged

high temperatures.

PrecautionsTMEM106B Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name TMEM106B (<u>HGNC:22407</u>)

Function In neurons, involved in the transport of late endosomes/lysosomes

(PubMed:25066864). May be involved in dendrite morphogenesis and maintenance by regulating lysosomal trafficking (PubMed:25066864). May act as a molecular brake for retrograde transport of late endosomes/lysosomes, possibly via its interaction with MAP6 (By similarity). In motoneurons, may mediate the axonal transport of lysosomes and axonal sorting at the initial segment (By similarity). It remains unclear whether TMEM106B affects the transport of moving lysosomes in the anterograde or retrograde direction in neurites and whether it is important in the sorting of lysosomes in axons or in

dendrites (By similarity). In neurons, may also play a role in the regulation of lysosomal size and responsiveness to stress (PubMed: 25066864). Required for

proper lysosomal acidification (By similarity).

Cellular Location Late endosome membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Lysosome

membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Cell membrane;

Single-pass type II membrane protein. Note=Colocalizes with LAMP1. A small

fraction resides on the cell surface (PubMed:37421949).

Tissue Location Expressed in the brain, including in the frontal cortex (at protein level)

(PubMed:35247328, PubMed:35344985). Expressed in lung epithelial cells

(PubMed:33686287)

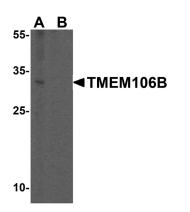
Background

TMEM106B Antibody: Transmembrane protein 106B (TMEM106B) is a single-pass transmembrane protein that is thought to be a novel risk factor for frontotemporal lobar degeneration (FTLD), a group of clinically, pathologically and genetically heterogeneous disorders associated with atrophy in the frontal lobe and temporal lobe of the brain. The actual role of TMEM106B, and that of the closely related protein TMEM106A are still undetermined.

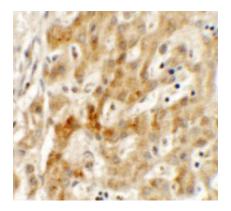
References

Van Deerlin VM, Sleiman PM, Martinez-Lage M, et al. Common variants at 7p21 are associated with frontotemporal lobar degeneration with TDP-43 inclusions. Nat. Genet. 2010; 42:234-9. Aswathy PM, Jairani PS, and Mathuranath PS. Genetics of frontotemporal lobar degeneration. Ann. Indian Acad. Neurol. 2010; 13(Suppl 2):S55-62.

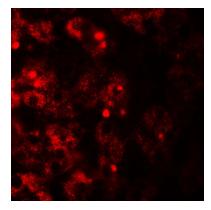
Images



Western blot analysis of TMEM106B in human brain tissue lysate with TMEM106B antibody at 1 µg/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.



Immunohistochemistry of TMEM106B in human liver tissue with TMEM106B antibody at 2.5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of TMEM106B in human liver tissue with TMEM106A antibody at 20 $\mu g/mL. \label{eq:muman}$

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.