

PANX1 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11574

Product Information

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| Application | WB, IF, E |
| Primary Accession | Q96RD7 |
| Other Accession | NP_056183 , 39995064 |
| Reactivity | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Calculated MW | 48050 |
| Concentration (mg/ml) | 1 mg/mL |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |
| Application Notes | PANX1 antibody can be used for detection of PANX1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 μ g/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 μ g/mL. |

Additional Information

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| Gene ID | 24145 |
| Other Names | Pannexin-1, PANX1, MRS1 |
| Target/Specificity | PANX1; Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. |
| Reconstitution & Storage | PANX1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures. |
| Precautions | PANX1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

Protein Information

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| Name | PANX1 (HGNC:8599) |
| Function | Ion channel involved in a variety of physiological functions such as blood pressure regulation, apoptotic cell clearance and oogenesis (PubMed: 15304325 , PubMed: 16908669 , PubMed: 20829356 , PubMed: 20944749 , PubMed: 30918116). Forms anion-selective channels with relatively low conductance and an order of permeabilities: nitrate>iodide>chloride>>aspartate=glutamate=gluconate (By similarity). Can release ATP upon activation through phosphorylation or cleavage at C-terminus (PubMed: 32238926). May play a role as a Ca(2+)- leak channel to regulate ER Ca(2+) homeostasis (PubMed: 16908669). |

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| Cellular Location | Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00351}. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00351} |
| Tissue Location | Widely expressed (PubMed:30918116). Highest expression is observed in oocytes and brain (PubMed:30918116). Detected at very low levels in sperm cells (PubMed:30918116) |

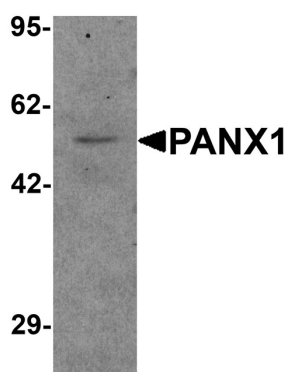
Background

PANX1 Antibody: The pannexin gene family encodes a second class of putative gap junction proteins and are highly conserved in invertebrates and mammals. Pannexins (Panx) are four-pass transmembrane proteins that oligomerize to form large pore ion and metabolite-permeable channels. Pannexin-1 (PANX1) and Pannexin-3 are closely related, while Pannexin-2 is a more distant relation. PANX1 is a transmembrane protein that forms a mechanosensitive ATP-permeable channel between adjacent cells and in the endoplasmic reticulum. PANX1 may play a role as a Ca^{2+} -leak channel to regulate ER Ca^{2+} homeostasis and regulates neural stem and progenitor cell proliferation.

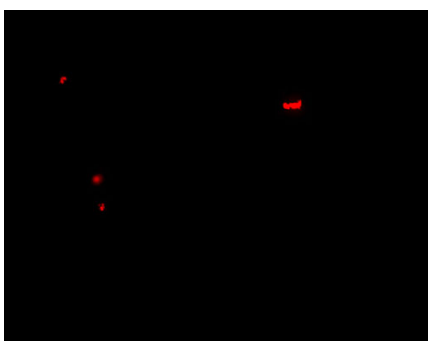
References

Barbe MT, Monyer H and Bruzzone R. Cell-cell communication beyond connexins: the pannexin channels. *Physiology* 2006; 21:103-14.
 Baranova A, Ivanov D, Petrash N, et al. The mammalian pannexin family is homologous to the invertebrate innexin gap junction proteins. *Genomics* 2004; 83:706-16.
 Sohl G, Maxeiner S and Willecke K. Expression and functions of neuronal gap junctions. *Nat. Rev. Neurosci.* 2005; 6:191-200
 Bao L, Locovei S and Dahl G. Pannexin membrane channels are mechanosensitive conduits for ATP. *FEBS Lett.* 2004; 572:65-8.

Images



Western blot analysis of PANX1 in human ovary tissue lysate with PANX1 antibody at 1 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of PANX1 in human ovary tissue with PANX1 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.