

# SIDT2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11591

## **Product Information**

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q8NBJ9

Other Accession NP\_001035545, 94721340
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 94454
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

**Application Notes** SIDT2 antibody can be used for detection of SIDT2 by Western blot at 0.5 - 1

□g/mL.

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 51092

Other Names SID1 transmembrane family member 2, SIDT2

**Target/Specificity** SIDT2; Multiple isoforms of SIDT2 are known to exist; this antibody is

predicted to not cross-react with other members of the SID1 transmembrane

family.

**Reconstitution & Storage** SIDT2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up

to one year.

**Precautions** SIDT2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name SIDT2

**Function** Mediates the translocation of RNA and DNA across the lysosomal membrane

during RNA and DNA autophagy (RDA), a process in which RNA or DNA is directly imported into lysosomes in an ATP- dependent manner, and degraded (PubMed:27046251, PubMed:27846365). Involved in the uptake of single-stranded oligonucleotides by living cells, a process called gymnosis (PubMed:28277980). In vitro, mediates the uptake of linear DNA more efficiently than that of circular DNA, but exhibits similar uptake efficacy toward RNA and DNA. Binds long double-stranded RNA (dsRNA) (500 - 700

base pairs), but not dsRNA shorter than 100 bp (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Lysosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane.

Note=Mainly localizes to lysosomes and only partly to the plasma membrane (PubMed:28277980). Lysosomal localization is required for SIDT2-mediated intracellular degradation of endogenous RNA (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CIF6, ECO:0000269|PubMed:28277980}

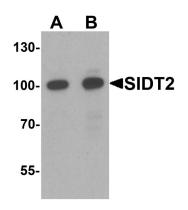
# **Background**

SIDT2 Antibody: The SID1 transmembrane family member (SIDT2) is a highly glycosylated, multipass transmembrane protein that localizes to the lysosomal membrane. SIDT2 is highly expressed in liver, brain and kidney, with no or little expression in skeletal muscles, heart or other tissues. Little is known of the function of SIDT2.

#### References

Jialin G, Xuefan G, and Huiwen Z. SID1 transmembrane family, member 2 (Sidt2): a novel lysosomal membrane protein. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 2010; 402:588-94.

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of SIDT2 in mouse brain tissue lysate with SIDT2 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 µg/mL.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.