

# **IL-36RN Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11713

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IF, E, IHC-P

Primary Accession Q9UBH0

Other Accession NP\_775262, 27894310
Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 16962
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

Application Notes IL-36RN antibody can be used for detection of IL-36RN by Western blot at 1 -

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 26525

Other Names Interleukin-36 receptor antagonist protein, IL-36Ra, FIL1 delta, IL-1-related

protein 3, IL-1RP3, Interleukin-1 HY1, IL-1HY1, Interleukin-1 delta, IL-1 delta, Interleukin-1 family member 5, IL-1F5, Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist homolog 1, IL-1ra homolog 1, Interleukin-1-like protein 1, IL-1L1, IL36RN,

FIL1D, IL1F5, IL1HY1, IL1L1, IL1RP3

Target/Specificity IL36RN; IL-36RN antibody is human specific. At least two isoforms of IL-36RN

are known to exist

**Reconstitution & Storage** IL-36RN antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for

up to one year.

**Precautions** IL-36RN Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name IL36RN ( <u>HGNC:15561</u>)

**Function** Inhibits the activity of interleukin-36 (IL36A,IL36B and IL36G) by binding to

receptor IL1RL2 and preventing its association with the coreceptor IL1RAP for signaling. Part of the IL-36 signaling system that is thought to be present in epithelial barriers and to take part in local inflammatory response; similar to the IL-1 system with which it shares the coreceptor. Proposed to play a role in skin inflammation. May be involved in the innate immune response to fungal pathogens, such as Aspergillus fumigatus. May activate an anti- inflammatory

signaling pathway by recruiting SIGIRR.

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Secreted. Note=The secretion is dependent on protein unfolding

and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic

reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and

secretion.

**Tissue Location** Predominantly expressed in skin keratinocytes but not in fibroblasts,

endothelial cells or melanocytes. Detected also in the spleen, brain leukocyte

and macrophage cell types. Increased in lesional psoriasis skin.

## **Background**

IL-36RN is is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family whose gene and eight other interleukin 1 family genes form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 2 (1). IL-36RN specifically inhibits the activation of NF-kappaB induced IL-36A (2). The opposing activities of these cytokines have been suggested to be involved in the regulation of skin inflammation (3). Like the IL-36 cytokines (IL-36A, IL-36B and IL-36G), IL-36RN requires post-translational processing for full agonist activity, but the cleavage mechanism is currently unknown (4).

#### References

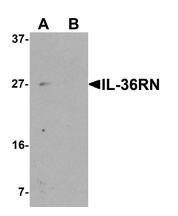
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Debets R, Timans JC, Homey B, et al. Two novel IL-1 family members, IL-1 delta and IL-1 epsilon, function as an antagonist and agonist of NF-kappa B activation through the orphan IL-1 receptor-related protein 2. J. Immunol. 2001; 167:1440-6.

Blumberg H, Dinh H, Trueblood ES, et al. Opposing activities of two novel members of the IL-1 ligand family regulate skin inflammation. J. Exp. Med. 2007; 204:2603-14.

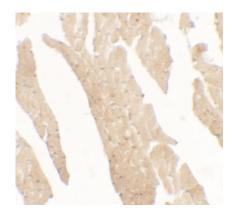
Towne JE, Renshaw BR, Douangpanya J, et al. Interleukin-36 (IL-36) ligands require processing for full agonist agonist (IL-36a, IL-36b, and IL-36g) or antagonist (IL-36Ra) activity. J. Biol. Chem. 2011; 286:42594-602.

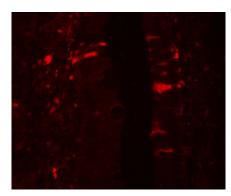
## **Images**



Western blot analysis of IL-36RN in 3T3 cell lysate with IL-36RN antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/ml in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.

Immunohistochemistry of IL-36RN in rat small intestine tissue with IL-36RN antibody at 5 µg/mL.





Immunofluorescence of IL-36RN in rat small intestine tissue with IL-36RN antibody at 20  $\mu\text{g/mL}.$ 

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