

GABARAPL2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11823

Product Information

Application WB, IF, E, IHC-P

Primary Accession P60520

Other Accession NP_009216, 6005768
Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 13667
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/mL
Conjugate Unconjugated

Application Notes GABARAPL2 antibody can be used for detection of GABARAPL2 by Western

blot at 1 - 2 [g/ml. Antibody can also be used for Immunohistochemistry at 5

□g/mL. For Immunoflorescence start at 20 □g/mL.

Additional Information

Gene ID 11345

Other Names Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor-associated protein-like 2, GABA(A)

receptor-associated protein-like 2, Ganglioside expression factor 2, GEF-2, General protein transport factor p16, Golgi-associated ATPase enhancer of 16 kDa, GATE-16, MAP1 light chain 3-related protein, GABARAPL2, FLC3A, GEF2

Target/Specificity GABARAPL2; GABARAPL2 antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. Multiple

isoforms of GABARAPL2 are known to exist.

Reconstitution & Storage GABARAPL2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable

for up to one year.

Precautions GABARAPL2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name GABARAPL2 (HGNC:13291)

Synonyms FLC3A, GEF2

Function Ubiquitin-like modifier involved in intra-Golgi traffic (By similarity).

Modulates intra-Golgi transport through coupling between NSF activity and SNAREs activation (By similarity). It first stimulates the ATPase activity of NSF which in turn stimulates the association with GOSR1 (By similarity). Involved

in autophagy (PubMed:<u>20418806</u>, PubMed:<u>23209295</u>). Plays a role in mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality

by eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production (PubMed:20418806, PubMed:23209295). Whereas LC3s are involved in elongation of the phagophore membrane, the GABARAP/GATE-16 subfamily is essential for a later stage in autophagosome maturation (PubMed:20418806, PubMed:23209295).

Cellular Location Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane.

Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P60519}

Tissue Location Ubiquitous. Expressed at high levels in the brain, heart, prostate, ovary,

spleen and skeletal muscle. Expressed at very low levels in lung, thymus and

small intestine

Background

Gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the main inhibitory transmitter by increasing a Cl-conductance that inhibits neuronal firing in the central nervous system (1). It has been shown to activate both ionotropic (GABAA) and metabotropic (GABAB) receptors as well as a third class of receptors called GABAC (2). GABARAPL2 (GABAA receptor-associated protein-like 2), also known as GATE16, was initially identified as a membrane transport modulator and is a mammalian ortholog to the autophagy protein ATG8 (3,4). It is thought that GABARAPL2 and other members of the ATG8 family act as scaffolds for assembly of the Unc-51 like kinase (ULK) complex in the formation of autophagosomes (5).

References

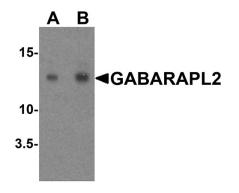
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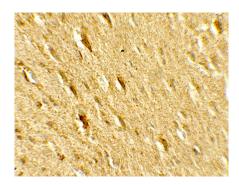
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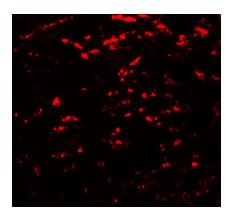
Images



Western blot analysis of GABARAPL2 in human brain tissue lysate with GABARAPL2 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/ml.

Immunohistochemistry of GABARAPL2 in rat brain tissue with GABARAPL2 antibody at 5 µg/mL.





Immunofluorescence of GABARAPL2 in rat brain tissue with GABARAPL2 antibody at 20 $\mu g/mL. \label{eq:gamma}$

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