

# KLF17 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11874

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E, IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q5JT82</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">NP_775755</a> , <a href="#">104294874</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	42577
<b>Concentration (mg/ml)</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Application Notes</b>	KLF17 antibody can be used for detection of KLF17 by Western blot at 1 - 2 $\mu$ g/ml. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 $\mu$ g/mL.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	128209
<b>Other Names</b>	Krueppel-like factor 17, Zinc finger protein 393, KLF17, ZNF393
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	KLF17; KLF17 antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. At least two isoforms of KLF17 are known to exist; this antibody will only detect the large isoform. KLF17 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with other KLF proteins.
<b>Reconstitution &amp; Storage</b>	KLF17 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.
<b>Precautions</b>	KLF17 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	KLF17
<b>Synonyms</b>	ZNF393
<b>Function</b>	Transcription repressor that binds to the promoter of target genes and prevents their expression. Acts as a negative regulator of epithelial-mesenchymal transition and metastasis in breast cancer. Specifically binds the 5'-CACCC-3' sequence in the promoter of ID1, a key metastasis regulator in breast cancer, and repress its expression. May be a germ cell-specific transcription factor that plays important roles in spermatid differentiation and oocyte development (By similarity).

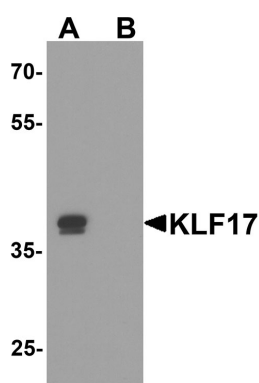
## Background

KLF17, also known as ZNF393, is a member of the Sp/KLF family of transcription factors (1,2). KLF17 binds to the promoter and negatively regulates the transcription of Id-1, a key metastasis regulator in breast cancer (3). Suppression of KLF17 promotes breast cancer cell invasion and epithelial-mesenchymal transition (3). Down-regulated KLF17 expression is also associated tumor invasion and poor prognosis in hepatocellular carcinoma, suggesting that the level of KLF17 expression can serve as a prognostic indicator (4).

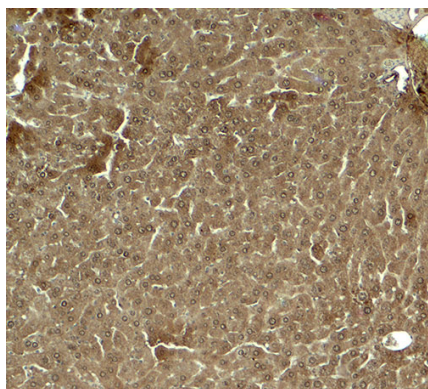
## References

- Yan W, Burns KH, Ma L, et al. Identification of Zfp393, a germ cell-specific gene encoding a novel zinc finger protein. *Mech. Dev.* 2002; 118:233-9.
- van Vliet J, Crofts LA, Quinlan KG, et al. Human KLF17 is a new member of the Sp/KLF family of transcription factors. *Genomics* 2006; 87:474-82.
- Gumireddy K, Li A, Gimotty PA, et al. KLF17 is a negative regulator of epithelial-mesenchymal transition and metastasis in breast cancer. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 2009; 11:1297-304.
- Liu FY, Deng YL, Li Y, et al. Down-regulated KLF17 expression is associated with tumor invasion and poor prognosis in hepatocellular carcinoma. *Med. Oncol.* 2013; 30:425.

## Images



Western blot analysis of KLF17 in rat liver tissue lysate with KLF17 antibody at 1 µg/ml in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.



Immunohistochemistry of KLF17 in mouse liver tissue with KLF17 antibody at 5 µg/ml.