

# GAPDH Antibody [12D3D5] (biotin)

Catalog # ASC12042

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P04406</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">7669492</a> , <a href="#">NP_002037</a> , <a href="#">2597</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	36053
<b>Application Notes</b>	Biotin-GAPDH antibody can be used for detection of GAPDH by Western blot at 1 - 2 $\mu$ g/ml.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	2597
<b>Other Names</b>	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, G3PDH, GAPD
<b>Precautions</b>	GAPDH Antibody [12D3D5] (biotin) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	GAPDH {ECO:0000303   PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:4141}
<b>Function</b>	<p>Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively (PubMed:<a href="#">11724794</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">3170585</a>).</p> <p>Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D- glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate (PubMed:<a href="#">11724794</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">3170585</a>). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:<a href="#">23071094</a>). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:<a href="#">23071094</a>). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:<a href="#">23332158</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">27387501</a>). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and</p>

apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12829261}

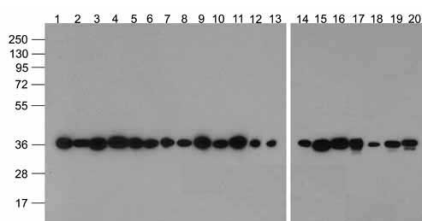
## Background

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) catalyzes the reversible oxidative phosphorylation of glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate in the presence of inorganic phosphate and nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD), an important energy-yielding step in carbohydrate metabolism. It also is involved in a number of cellular processes such as membrane fusion, phosphotransferase activity, DNA replication and repair, and nuclear RNA export (1). GAPDH also plays a role in different pathologies such as cancer progression, apoptosis, and neuronal diseases such as Alzheimer's and Huntington's disease (2). GAPDH is constitutively expressed at high levels in almost all tissues and cell lines making it ideal for use as a loading control marker in immunoblots.

## References

Sirover MA. New nuclear functions of the glycolytic protein, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, in mammalian cells. *J. Cell. Biochem.* 2005; 95:45-52.; Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, apoptosis, and neurodegenerative diseases. *Annu. Rev. Pharmacol. Toxicol.* 2005; 45:269-90.;;

## Images



Western blot analysis of GAPDH in multiple cell and tissue lysates with Biotin-GAPDH antibody at 1 µg/ml. Lanes 1-20: 293, A431, A549, Daudi, HeLa, HepG2, Jurkat, K562, MOLT, 3T3, Raji, Ramos, U937, human brain, mouse brain, rat brain, rabbit brain, mouse lung, mouse liver, and rat liver, respectively.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.