

DEDD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant DEDD.

Catalog # AT1748a

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O75618
Other Accession	NM_032998
Reactivity	Human
Host	mouse
Clonality	monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1 Kappa
Clone Names	1C7
Calculated MW	36794

Additional Information

Gene ID	9191
Other Names	Death effector domain-containing protein, DEDPro1, Death effector domain-containing testicular molecule, FLDED-1, DEDD, DEDPRO1, DEFT
Target/Specificity	DEDD (NP_127491, 91 a.a. ~ 190 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Dilution	WB~~1:500~1000
Format	Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .
Storage	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Precautions	DEDD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

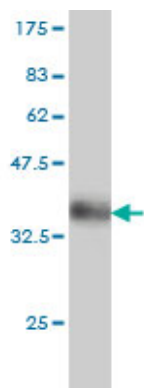
Background

This gene encodes a protein that contains a death effector domain (DED). DED is a protein-protein interaction domain shared by adaptors, regulators and executors of the programmed cell death pathway. Overexpression of this gene was shown to induce weak apoptosis. Upon stimulation, this protein was found to translocate from cytoplasm to nucleus and colocalize with UBTF, a basal factor required for RNA polymerase I transcription, in the nucleolus. At least three transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

References

Localization of the death effector domain of Fas-associated death domain protein into the membrane of Escherichia coli induces reactive oxygen species-involved cell death. Thorenor N, et al. Biochemistry, 2010 Feb 23. PMID 20070122. Defining the human deubiquitinating enzyme interaction landscape. Sowa ME, et al. Cell, 2009 Jul 23. PMID 19615732. Large-scale mapping of human protein-protein interactions by mass spectrometry. Ewing RM, et al. Mol Syst Biol, 2007. PMID 17353931. The DNA sequence and biological annotation of human chromosome 1. Gregory SG, et al. Nature, 2006 May 18. PMID 16710414. Fas-associated factor-1 mediates chemotherapeutic-induced apoptosis via death effector filament formation. Park MY, et al. Int J Cancer, 2005 Jun 20. PMID 15688372.

Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.74 KDa) .

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.