

GPR89 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant GPR89. Catalog # AT2251a

Product Information

Application E

Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Isotype
B7ZAQ6
BC003187
Human
mouse
monoclonal
IgG2b Kappa

Clone Names 4D8 Calculated MW 52917

Additional Information

Gene ID 51463;653519

Other Names Golgi pH regulator A, Protein GPR89A, Putative MAPK-activating protein PM01,

Putative NF-kappa-B-activating protein 90, GPR89A, GPHRA, GPR89, SH120

Target/Specificity GPR89 (AAH03187, 175 a.a. ~ 284 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST

tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution E~~N/A

Format Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions GPR89 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use

in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Background

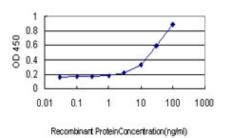
GPR89A is a nearly identical copy of the GPR89B gene (MIM 612806).

References

The DNA sequence and biological annotation of human chromosome 1. Gregory SG, et al. Nature, 2006 May 18. PMID 16710414. The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH full-length cDNA project: the Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC). Gerhard DS, et al. Genome Res, 2004 Oct. PMID 15489334. Complete sequencing and characterization of 21,243 full-length human cDNAs. Ota T, et al. Nat Genet, 2004 Jan. PMID 14702039. The secreted protein discovery initiative (SPDI), a large-scale effort to identify novel human secreted and

transmembrane proteins: a bioinformatics assessment. Clark HF, et al. Genome Res, 2003 Oct. PMID 12975309. Large-scale identification and characterization of human genes that activate NF-kappaB and MAPK signaling pathways. Matsuda A, et al. Oncogene, 2003 May 22. PMID 12761501.

Images



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged GPR89 is approximately 1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.