

# SMAD1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M02)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant SMAD1. Catalog # AT3936a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, IF, E **Primary Accession** Q15797 **Other Accession** NM 005900 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality monoclonal Isotype IgG1 kappa **Clone Names** 1D3 Calculated MW 52260

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4086

Other Names Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1, MAD homolog 1, Mothers

against DPP homolog 1, JV4-1, Mad-related protein 1, SMAD family member 1, SMAD 1, Smad1, hSMAD1, Transforming growth factor-beta-signaling protein

1, BSP-1, SMAD1, BSP1, MADH1, MADR1

**Target/Specificity** SMAD1 (NP\_005891, 1 a.a. ~ 110 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST

tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

**Dilution** WB~~1:500~1000 IHC~~1:100~500 IF~~1:50~200 E~~N/A

**Format** Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

**Storage** Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Precautions** SMAD1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) is for research use only and not for use

in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Background**

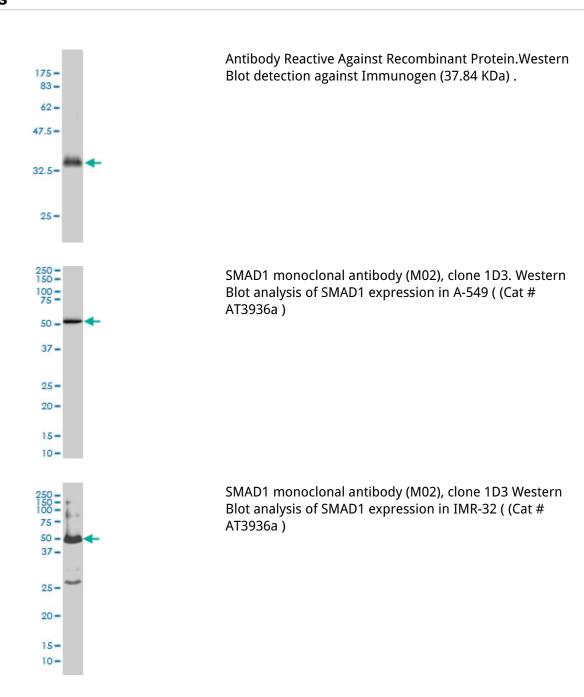
The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1

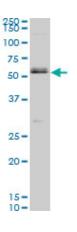
and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed.

## References

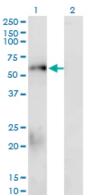
Maternal genes and facial clefts in offspring: a comprehensive search for genetic associations in two population-based cleft studies from Scandinavia. Jugessur A, et al. PLoS One, 2010 Jul 9. PMID 20634891. Smad-dependent and smad-independent induction of id1 by prostacyclin analogues inhibits proliferation of pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells in vitro and in vivo. Yang J, et al. Circ Res, 2010 Jul 23. PMID 20522807. Induced expression of bone morphogenetic protein-6 and Smads signaling in human monocytes derived dendritic cells during sickle-cell pathology with orthopedic complications. Abhishek K, et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun, 2010 Jun 11. PMID 20460105. Inflammation anergy in human intestinal macrophages is due to Smad-induced IkappaBalpha expression and NF-kappaB inactivation. Smythies LE, et al. J Biol Chem, 2010 Jun 18. PMID 20388715. Autocrine bone morphogenetic protein-9 signals through activin receptor-like kinase-2/Smad1/Smad4 to promote ovarian cancer cell proliferation. Herrera B, et al. Cancer Res, 2009 Dec 15. PMID 19996292.

## **Images**



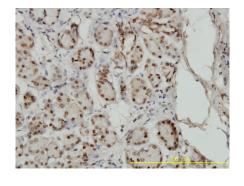


SMAD1 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1D3. Western Blot analysis of SMAD1 expression in MES-SA/Dx5 ( (Cat # AT3936a )

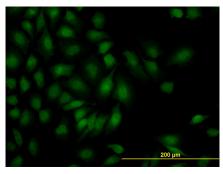


Western Blot analysis of SMAD1 expression in transfected 293T cell line by SMAD1 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1D3.

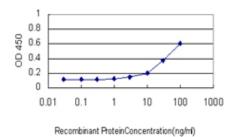
Lane 1: SMAD1 transfected lysate(52.3 KDa). Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to SMAD1 on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human salivary gland tissue. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]



Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to SMAD1 on HeLa cell. [antibody concentration 10 ug/ml]



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged SMAD1 is approximately 3ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.