

# **ENOA Antibody (N-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5148

## **Product Information**

**Application** IF, FC, WB **Primary Accession** P06733

Other AccessionQ4R5L2, Q9XSJ4ReactivityHuman, Mouse, RatPredictedMonkey, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 47169
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source HUMAN

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2023

Antigen Region 33-60

Other Names ENO1; ENO1L1; MBPB1; MPB1; Alpha-enolase; 2-phospho-D-glycerate

hydro-lyase; C-myc promoter-binding protein; Enolase 1; MBP-1; MPB-1; Non-neural enolase; Phosphopyruvate hydratase; Plasminogen-binding

protein

**Dilution** IF~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

**Target/Specificity** This ENOA antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 33-60 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human ENOA.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** ENOA Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name ENO1

#### **Synonyms**

#### ENO1L1, MBPB1, MPB1

#### **Function**

Glycolytic enzyme the catalyzes the conversion of 2- phosphoglycerate to phosphoenolpyruvate (PubMed:1369209, PubMed:29775581). In addition to glycolysis, involved in various processes such as growth control, hypoxia tolerance and allergic responses (PubMed:10802057, PubMed:12666133, PubMed:2005901, PubMed:29775581). May also function in the intravascular and pericellular fibrinolytic system due to its ability to serve as a receptor and activator of plasminogen on the cell surface of several cell-types such as leukocytes and neurons (PubMed:12666133). Stimulates immunoglobulin production (PubMed:1369209).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, M line. Note=Can translocate to the plasma membrane in either the homodimeric (alpha/alpha) or heterodimeric (alpha/gamma) form. ENO1 is localized to the M line

#### **Tissue Location**

The alpha/alpha homodimer is expressed in embryo and in most adult tissues. The alpha/beta heterodimer and the beta/beta homodimer are found in striated muscle, and the alpha/gamma heterodimer and the gamma/gamma homodimer in neurons

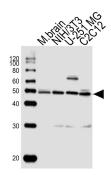
# **Background**

ENO1 is one of three enolase isoenzymes found in mammals; the protein alpha-enolase, a homodimeric soluble enzyme, and is also a shorter monomeric structural lens protein, tau-crystallin. The two proteins are made from the same message. The full length protein, the isoenzyme, is found in the cytoplasm. The shorter protein is produced from an alternative translation start, is localized to the nucleus, and has been found to bind to an element in the c-myc promoter.

#### References

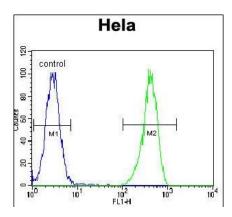
Cappello, P., Int. J. Cancer 125 (3), 639-648 (2009) Wygrecka, M., Blood 113 (22), 5588-5598 (2009)

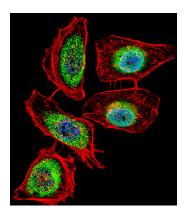
# **Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse brain tissue, mouse NIH/3T3, U-251 MG, mouse C2C12 cell line (from left to right), using ENOA Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AW5148). AW5148 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.

ENOA Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AW5148) flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.





Fluorescent confocal image of Hela cell stained with ENOA Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AW5148). Hela cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with ENOA primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 µg/ml, 10 min). ENOA immunoreactivity is localized to Cytoplasm and Nucleus significantly.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.