

MEK2 (MAP2K2) Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AW5179

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P36507
Reactivity	Mouse, Rat, Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	44424
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID	5605
Antigen Region	262-292
Other Names	MAP2K2; MEK2; MKK2; PRKMK2; Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2; ERK activator kinase 2; MAPK/ERK kinase 2
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Target/Specificity	This MEK2 (MAP2K2) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 262-292 amino acids from the Central region of human MEK2 (MAP2K2).
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	MEK2 (MAP2K2) Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	MAP2K2
Synonyms	MEK2, MKK2, PRKMK2
Function	Catalyzes the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine

residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in MAP kinases. Activates the ERK1 and ERK2 MAP kinases (By similarity). Activates BRAF in a KSR1 or KSR2-dependent manner; by binding to KSR1 or KSR2 releases the inhibitory intramolecular interaction between KSR1 or KSR2 protein kinase and N-terminal domains which promotes KSR1 or KSR2-BRAF dimerization and BRAF activation (PubMed:[29433126](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Membrane localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1.

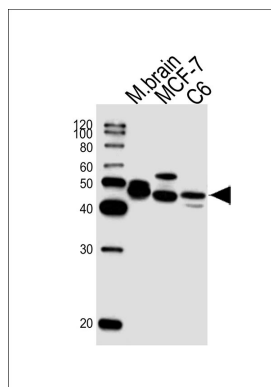
Background

MAP2K2 is a dual specificity protein kinase that belongs to the MAP kinase kinase family. This kinase is known to play a critical role in mitogen growth factor signal transduction. It phosphorylates and thus activates MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK2/ERK3. The activation of this kinase itself is dependent on the Ser/Thr phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinase kinases. The inhibition or degradation of this kinase is found to be involved in the pathogenesis of Yersinia and anthrax.

References

- Burroughs, K.D., et al., Mol. Cancer Res. 1(4):312-322 (2003).
Tran, H., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(20):7177-7188 (2003).
Li, S.P., et al., Cancer Res. 63(13):3473-3477 (2003).
Li, Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(16):13663-13671 (2003).
Liu, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(42):39312-39319 (2002).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse brain tissue, MCF-7, rat C6 cell line (from left to right), using MEK2 (MAP2K2) Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AW5179). AW5179 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.