

# USP14 Antibody (N-term)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)

Catalog # AW5187

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, FC
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P54578</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	56069
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Antigen Source</b>	Human

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	9097
<b>Antigen Region</b>	1-474
<b>Other Names</b>	USP14;TGT; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14; Deubiquitinating enzyme 14; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14; Ubiquitin thioesterase 14; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14; Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 14
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Purified His-tagged USP14 protein was used to produced this monoclonal antibody.
<b>Format</b>	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	USP14 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	USP14
<b>Synonyms</b>	TGT

## Function

Proteasome-associated deubiquitinase which releases ubiquitin from the proteasome targeted ubiquitinated proteins (PubMed:[35145029](#)). Ensures the regeneration of ubiquitin at the proteasome (PubMed:[18162577](#), PubMed:[28396413](#)). Is a reversibly associated subunit of the proteasome and a large fraction of proteasome-free protein exists within the cell (PubMed:[18162577](#)). Required for the degradation of the chemokine receptor CXCR4 which is critical for CXCL12-induced cell chemotaxis (PubMed:[19106094](#)). Also serves as a physiological inhibitor of endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) under the non-stressed condition by inhibiting the degradation of unfolded endoplasmic reticulum proteins via interaction with ERN1 (PubMed:[19135427](#)). Indispensable for synaptic development and function at neuromuscular junctions (NMJs) (By similarity). Plays a role in the innate immune defense against viruses by stabilizing the viral DNA sensor CGAS and thus inhibiting its autophagic degradation (PubMed:[2766593](#)). Inhibits OPTN-mediated selective autophagic degradation of KDM4D and thereby negatively regulates H3K9me2 and H3K9me3 (PubMed:[35145029](#)).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

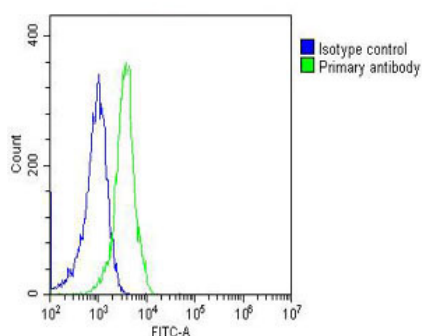
## Background

Proteasome-associated deubiquitinase which releases ubiquitin from the proteasome targeted ubiquitinated proteins. Ensures the regeneration of ubiquitin at the proteasome. Is a reversibly associated subunit of the proteasome and a large fraction of proteasome-free protein exists within the cell. Required for the degradation of the chemokine receptor CXCR4 which is critical for CXCL12-induced cell chemotaxis. Serves also as a physiological inhibitor of endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) under the non-stressed condition by inhibiting the degradation of unfolded endoplasmic reticulum proteins via interaction with ERN1. Indispensable for synaptic development and function at neuromuscular junctions (NMJs).

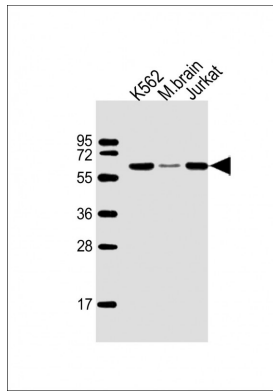
## References

Deshpande K.L., et al. Submitted (AUG-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Kalnine N., et al. Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Reuter T.Y., et al. Exp. Cell Res. 289:211-221(2003).  
Carrascal M., et al. J. Proteome Res. 7:5167-5176(2008).  
Koulich E., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 19:1072-1082(2008).

## Images



Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with AW5650(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then incubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AW5187, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Mouse IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OJ192088) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was mouse IgG1 (1µg/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.



All lanes : Anti-USP14 Antibody (N-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 2: mouse brain whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 56 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.