

Musk Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AW5275

Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB **Primary Accession** Q61006 Reactivity Rat **Predicted** Mouse Host Mouse Clonality monoclonal **Calculated MW** 96693 Isotype IgG1,k **Antigen Source HUMAN**

Additional Information

Gene ID 18198

Other Names Muscle, skeletal receptor tyrosine-protein kinase, Muscle-specific

tyrosine-protein kinase receptor, MuSK, Muscle-specific kinase receptor,

Musk, Nsk2

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity This mouse Musk antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with

recombinant protein from mouse Musk.

Format Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Musk Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name Musk

Synonyms Nsk2

Function Receptor tyrosine kinase which plays a central role in the formation and the

maintenance of the neuromuscular junction (NMJ), the synapse between the

motor neuron and the skeletal muscle. Recruitment of AGRIN by LRP4 to the MUSK signaling complex induces phosphorylation and activation of MUSK, the kinase of the complex. The activation of MUSK in myotubes regulates the formation of NMIs through the regulation of different processes including the specific expression of genes in subsynaptic nuclei, the reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and the clustering of the acetylcholine receptors (AChR) in the postsynaptic membrane. May regulate AChR phosphorylation and clustering through activation of ABL1 and Src family kinases which in turn regulate MUSK. DVL1 and PAK1 that form a ternary complex with MUSK are also important for MUSK-dependent regulation of AChR clustering. May positively regulate Rho family GTPases through FNTA. Mediates the phosphorylation of FNTA which promotes prenylation, recruitment to membranes and activation of RAC1 a regulator of the actin cytoskeleton and of gene expression. Other effectors of the MUSK signaling include DNAJA3 which functions downstream of MUSK. May also play a role within the central nervous system by mediating cholinergic responses, synaptic plasticity and memory formation.

Cellular Location

Postsynaptic cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Localizes to the postsynaptic cell membrane of the neuromuscular junction

Tissue Location

Expressed preferentially in skeletal muscle.

Background

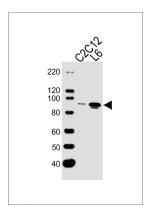
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References

Caruso A.,et al.Submitted (OCT-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ganju P.,et al.Oncogene 11:281-290(1995). DeChiara T.M.,et al.Cell 85:501-512(1996). Glass D.J.,et al.Cell 85:513-523(1996). Lin W.,et al.Nature 410:1057-1064(2001).

Images

Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse C2C12,rat L6 cell line (from left to right), using Musk Antibody(Cat. #AW5275). AW5275 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-mouse IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded M. skeletal muscle section using Musk Antibody(Cat#AW5275). AW5275 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.