

GRB2 Antibody (Y209)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5382

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession P62993

Other Accession P62994, Q60631, Q07883, Q6GPJ9, P87379

Reactivity
Predicted
Mouse
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
Isotype
Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source
Human, Rat
Mouse
Rabbit
Polyclonal
25206
Rabbit IgG
HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID 2885

Antigen Region 187-216

Other Names Growth factor receptor-bound protein 2, Adapter protein GRB2, Protein Ash,

SH2/SH3 adapter GRB2, GRB2, ASH

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity This GRB2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 187-216 amino acids from human

GRB2.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions GRB2 Antibody (Y209) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name GRB2

Synonyms ASH

Function

Non-enzymatic adapter protein that plays a pivotal role in precisely regulated signaling cascades from cell surface receptors to cellular responses, including signaling transduction and gene expression (PubMed:11726515, PubMed:37626338). Thus, participates in many biological processes including regulation of innate and adaptive immunity, autophagy, DNA repair or necroptosis (PubMed:35831301, PubMed:37626338, PubMed:38182563). Controls signaling complexes at the T-cell antigen receptor to facilitate the activation, differentiation, and function of T-cells (PubMed:36864087, PubMed: 9489702). Mechanistically, engagement of the TCR leads to phosphorylation of the adapter protein LAT, which serves as docking site for GRB2 (PubMed: 9489702). In turn, GRB2 establishes a a connection with SOS1 that acts as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor and serves as a critical regulator of KRAS/RAF1 leading to MAPKs translocation to the nucleus and activation (PubMed: 12171928, PubMed: 25870599). Functions also a role in B-cell activation by amplifying Ca(2+) mobilization and activation of the ERK MAP kinase pathway upon recruitment to the phosphorylated B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) (PubMed:25413232, PubMed:29523808). Plays a role in switching between autophagy and programmed necrosis upstream of EGFR by interacting with components of necrosomes including RIPK1 and with autophagy regulators SQSTM1 and BECN1 (PubMed: 35831301, PubMed:38182563). Regulates miRNA biogenesis by forming a functional ternary complex with AGO2 and DICER1 (PubMed:37328606). Functions in the replication stress response by protecting DNA at stalled replication forks from MRE11-mediated degradation. Mechanistically, inhibits RAD51 ATPase activity to stabilize RAD51 on stalled replication forks (PubMed: <u>38459011</u>). Additionally, directly recruits and later releases MRE11 at DNA damage sites during the homology-directed repair (HDR) process (PubMed:34348893).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Endosome. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q60631}

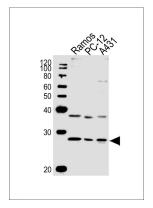
Background

GRB2 binds the epidermal growth factor receptor and contains one SH2 domain and two SH3 domains. Its two SH3 domains direct complex formation with proline-rich regions of other proteins, and its SH2 domain binds tyrosine phosphorylated sequences. This gene is similar to the Sem5 gene of C.elegans, which is involved in the signal transduction pathway.

References

Kondo, A., J. Biol. Chem. 283 (3), 1428-1436 (2008) Morimatsu, M., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 104 (46), 18013-18018 (2007) Martinez, N., Cell. Signal. 19 (11), 2277-2285 (2007)

Images



All lanes: Anti-GRB2 Antibody pY209 at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Ramos whole cell lysates Lane 2: PC-12 whole cell lysates Lane 3: A431 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 25 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.