

Mouse Ddr2 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5414

Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession** Q62371 Reactivity Mouse **Predicted** Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal **Calculated MW** 96482 Isotype Rabbit IgG **Antigen Source HUMAN**

Additional Information

Gene ID 18214

Antigen Region 503-537

Other Names Discoidin domain-containing receptor 2, Discoidin domain receptor 2, CD167

antigen-like family member B, Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 3, Receptor protein-tyrosine kinase TKT, Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO10,

CD167b, Ddr2, Ntrkr3, Tkt, Tyro10

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity This Mouse Ddr2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 503-537 amino acids from the Central

region of Mouse Ddr2.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Mouse Ddr2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name Ddr2

Synonyms Ntrkr3, Tkt, Tyro10

Function Tyrosine kinase that functions as a cell surface receptor for fibrillar collagen

and regulates cell differentiation, remodeling of the extracellular matrix, cell migration and cell proliferation. Required for normal bone development. Regulates osteoblast differentiation and chondrocyte maturation via a signaling pathway that involves MAP kinases and leads to the activation of the transcription factor RUNX2. Regulates remodeling of the extracellular matrix by up- regulation of the collagenases MMP1, MMP2 and MMP13, and thereby facilitates cell migration and tumor cell invasion. Promotes fibroblast migration and proliferation, and thereby contributes to cutaneous wound

healing.

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location Widely expressed. Detected in lung, ovary, skin and in testis Leydig cells (at

protein level). Widely expressed. Detected at high levels in heart, lung, skeletal muscle, central nervous system (CNS) and kidney, and at lower levels in brain and testis. Detected in chondrocytes in tibia growth plates of young mice

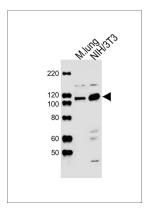
Background

Tyrosine kinase that functions as cell surface receptor for fibrillar collagen and regulates cell differentiation, remodeling of the extracellular matrix, cell migration and cell proliferation. Required for normal bone development. Regulates osteoblast differentiation and chondrocyte maturation via a signaling pathway that involves MAP kinases and leads to the activation of the transcription factor RUNX2. Regulates remodeling of the extracellular matrix by up-regulation of the collagenases MMP1, MMP2 and MMP13, and thereby facilitates cell migration and tumor cell invasion. Promotes fibroblast migration and proliferation, and thereby contributes to cutaneous wound healing.

References

Karn T.,et al.Oncogene 8:3433-3440(1993). Lai C.,et al.Oncogene 9:877-883(1994). Labrador J.P.,et al.EMBO Rep. 2:446-452(2001). Olaso E.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 277:3606-3613(2002). Ikeda K.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 277:19206-19212(2002).

Images



All lanes: Anti-Ddr2 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: mouse lung lysates Lane 2: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 96 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.