

AKR1B1 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5437

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IF, WB **Primary Accession** P15121 Human Reactivity Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal **Calculated MW** 35853 Isotype Rabbit IgG **Antigen Source HUMAN**

Additional Information

Gene ID 231

Antigen Region 102-135

Other Names Aldose reductase, AR, Aldehyde reductase, Aldo-keto reductase family 1

member B1, AKR1B1, ALDR1

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

Target/SpecificityThis AKR1B1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 102-135 amino acids from the Central

region of human AKR1B1.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions AKR1B1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name AKR1B1

Synonyms ALDR1, ALR2 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:17368668

Function Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a wide variety of

carbonyl-containing compounds to their corresponding alcohols. Displays enzymatic activity towards endogenous metabolites such as aromatic and aliphatic aldehydes, ketones, monosacharides, bile acids and xenobiotics substrates. Key enzyme in the polyol pathway, catalyzes reduction of glucose to sorbitol during hyperglycemia (PubMed:1936586). Reduces steroids and their derivatives and prostaglandins. Displays low enzymatic activity toward all-trans-retinal, 9-cis-retinal, and 13-cis- retinal (PubMed:12732097, PubMed:19010934, PubMed:8343525). Catalyzes the reduction of diverse phospholipid aldehydes such as 1-palmitoyl-2- (5-oxovaleroyl)-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamin (POVPC) and related phospholipid aldehydes that are generated from the oxydation of phosphotidylcholine and phosphatdyleethanolamides (PubMed:17381426). Plays a role in detoxifying dietary and lipid-derived unsaturated carbonyls, such as crotonaldehyde, 4-hydroxynonenal, trans-2-hexenal, trans-2,4-hexadienal and their glutathione-conjugates carbonyls (GS- carbonyls) (PubMed:21329684).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in embryonic epithelial cells (EUE) in response to osmotic

stress.

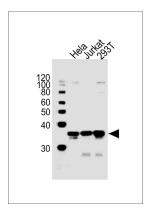
Background

AKR1B1 is a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. This protein catalyzes the reduction of a number of aldehydes, including the aldehyde form of glucose, and is thereby implicated in the development of diabetic complications by catalyzing the reduction of glucose to sorbitol.

References

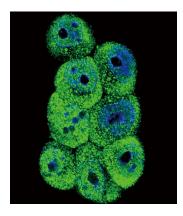
Steuber, H., J. Mol. Biol. 379 (5), 991-1016 (2008) Gleissner, C.A., Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 28 (6), 1137-1143 (2008) Grundmann, U., DNA Cell Biol. 9 (3), 149-157 (1990)

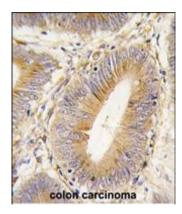
Images



All lanes: Anti-AKR1B1 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysates Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysates Lane 3: 293T whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 36 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of AKR1B1 Antibody (Center)(Cat#AW5437) with 293 cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue reacted with AKR1B1 antibody (Center) (Cat.#AW5437), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.