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ROR1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AW5449

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q01973
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	104283
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID	4919
Antigen Region	112-399
Other Names	Tyrosine-protein kinase transmembrane receptor ROR1, Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 1, ROR1, NTRKR1
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25 IHC-P~~1:100~500
Target/Specificity	This ROR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with recombinant human ROR1 protein (aa region: 112 - 399).
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	ROR1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ROR1
Synonyms	NTRKR1
Function	Has very low kinase activity in vitro and is unlikely to function as a tyrosine kinase in vivo (PubMed:25029443). Receptor for ligand WNT5A which activates

	downstream NFkB signaling pathway and may result in the inhibition of WNT3A-mediated signaling (PubMed:25029443, PubMed:27162350). In the inner ear, crucial for spiral ganglion neurons to innervate auditory hair cells (PubMed:27162350). Via IGFBP5 ligand, forms a complex with ERBB2 to enhance CREB oncogenic signaling (PubMed:36949068).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z139}
Tissue Location	Expressed strongly in human heart, lung and kidney, but weakly in the CNS. Isoform Short is strongly expressed in fetal and adult CNS and in a variety of human cancers, including those originating from CNS or PNS neuroectoderm

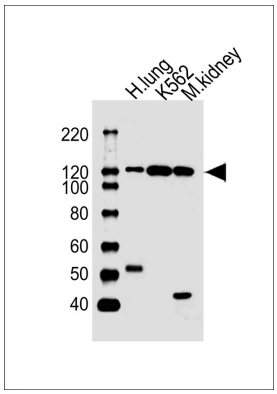
Background

ROR1 is a receptor protein tyrosine kinase whose cellular role has not been determined. It is a type I membrane protein and belongs to the ROR subfamily of cell surface receptors. Studies of a similar protein in mouse suggest that this protein may interact with another receptor protein tyrosine kinase and may be involved in skeletal and cardiac development.

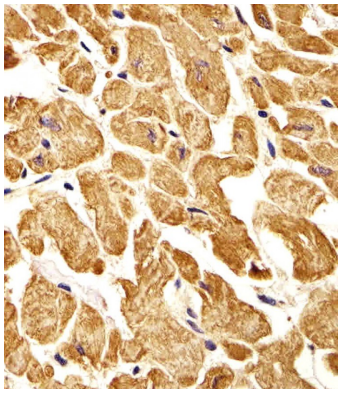
References

Nomi, M., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 21(24):8329-8335 (2001).
Reddy, U.R., et al., Genomics 41(2):283-285 (1997).
Reddy, U.R., et al., Oncogene 13(7):1555-1559 (1996).
Masiakowski, P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 267(36):26181-26190 (1992).

Images

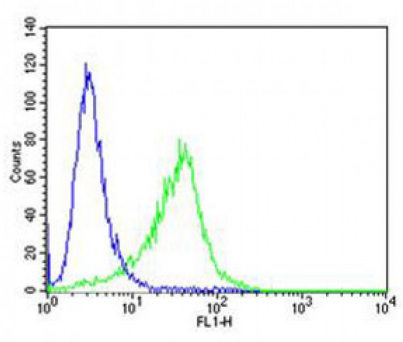


All lanes : Anti-ROR1 Antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: human lung lysates Lane 2: K562 whole cell lysates Lane 3: mouse kidney lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 104 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. heart section using ROR1 Antibody (Cat#AW5449). AW5449 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

Flow cytometric analysis of A549 cells using ROR1 Antibody (green, Cat#AP7671d) compared to an isotype



control of rabbit IgG(blue). AP7671d was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit lgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.