

EREG Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AW5474

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IHC-P
Primary Accession	O14944
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	19044
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID	2069
Antigen Region	137-165
Other Names	Proepiregulin, Epiregulin, EPR, EREG
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 FC~~1:25 IHC-P~~1:100~500
Target/Specificity	This EREG antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 137-165 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human EREG.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	EREG Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	EREG
Function	Ligand of the EGF receptor/EGFR and ERBB4. Stimulates EGFR and ERBB4 tyrosine phosphorylation (PubMed: 9419975). Contributes to inflammation, wound healing, tissue repair, and oocyte maturation by regulating

angiogenesis and vascular remodeling and by stimulating cell proliferation (PubMed:[24631357](#)).

Cellular Location

[Epiregulin]: Secreted, extracellular space

Tissue Location

In normal adults, expressed predominantly in the placenta and peripheral blood leukocytes. High levels were detected in carcinomas of the bladder, lung, kidney and colon

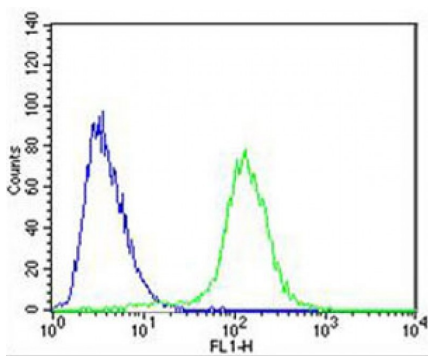
Background

REG is a member of the epidermal growth factor family. REG can function as a ligand of EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor), as well as a ligand of most members of the ERBB (v-erb-b2 oncogene homolog) family of tyrosine-kinase receptors.

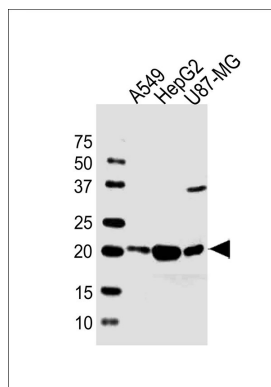
References

- Ben-Ami, I., et al. Hum. Reprod. 24(1):176-184(2009)
Cho, M.C., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 377(3):832-837(2008)
Lasky-Su, J., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 147B (8), 1345-1354 (2008)

Images

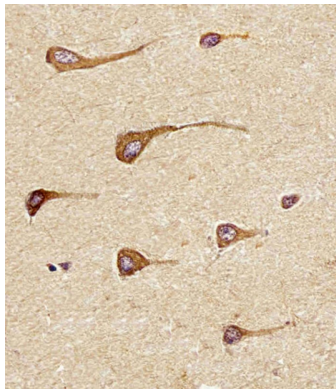


Overlay histogram showing Hela cells stained with AW5474 (green line). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then incubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AW5474, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (1583138) at 1/400 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.



All lanes : Anti-REG Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution
Lane 1: A549 whole cell lysates Lane 2: HepG2 whole cell lysates Lane 3: U87-MG whole cell lysates
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 19 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

AW5474 staining REG in Human brain tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0.5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hour at



37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.