

CKMT2 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5547

Product Information

WB
<u>P17540</u>
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
47504
Rabbit IgG
HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID	1160
Antigen Region	51~86
Other Names	Creatine kinase S-type, mitochondrial, Basic-type mitochondrial creatine kinase, Mib-CK, Sarcomeric mitochondrial creatine kinase, S-MtCK, CKMT2
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Target/Specificity	This CKMT2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 51-86 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CKMT2.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CKMT2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CKMT2
Function	Reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens (e.g. creatine phosphate). Creatine kinase isoenzymes play a central role in energy transduction in tissues with large, fluctuating energy

	demands, such as skeletal muscle, heart, brain and spermatozoa.
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Intermembrane side
Tissue Location	Sarcomere-specific. Found only in heart and skeletal muscles

Background

Mitochondrial creatine kinase (MtCK) is responsible for the transfer of high energy phosphate from mitochondria to the cytosolic carrier, creatine. It belongs to the creatine kinase isoenzyme family. It exists as two isoenzymes, sarcomeric MtCK and ubiquitous MtCK, encoded by separate genes. Mitochondrial creatine kinase occurs in two different oligomeric forms: dimers and octamers, in contrast to the exclusively dimeric cytosolic creatine kinase isoenzymes. Sarcomeric mitochondrial creatine kinase has 80% homology with the coding exons of ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase. This gene contains sequences homologous to several motifs that are shared among some nuclear genes encoding mitochondrial proteins and thus may be essential for the coordinated activation of these genes during mitochondrial biogenesis.

Images



All lanes : Anti-CKMT2 Antibody (A71) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: human heart lysate Lane 2: human skeletal muscle lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 48 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.