

# TMED10 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5552

### **Product Information**

Application WB Primary Accession P49755

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW24976IsotypeRabbit IgGAntigen SourceHUMAN

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10972

Antigen Region 156-185

Other Names Transmembrane emp24 domain-containing protein 10, 21 kDa

transmembrane-trafficking protein, S31III125, S31I125, Tmp-21-I,

Transmembrane protein Tmp21, p23, p24 family protein delta-1, p24delta1,

p24delta, TMED10, TMP21

**Dilution** WB~~1:2000

**Target/Specificity** This TMED10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 156-185 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human TMED10.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** TMED10 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name TMED10 ( <u>HGNC:16998</u>)

Synonyms TMP21

#### **Function**

Cargo receptor involved in protein vesicular trafficking and quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and Golgi (PubMed: 10052452, PubMed: 11726511, PubMed: 16641999, PubMed: 17288597, PubMed:19296914, PubMed:20427317, PubMed:21219331, PubMed: <u>27569046</u>). The p24 protein family is a group of transmembrane proteins that bind coat protein complex I/COPI and coat protein complex II/COPII involved in vesicular trafficking between the membranes (PubMed: 10052452). Acts at the lumenal side for incorporation of secretory cargo molecules into transport vesicles and involved in vesicle coat formation at the cytoplasmic side (PubMed:20427317, PubMed:27569046). Mainly functions in the early secretory pathway and cycles between the ER, ER-Golgi intermediate compartment (ERGIC) and Golgi, mediating cargo transport through COPI and COPII-coated vesicles (PubMed: 10052452, PubMed: 10852829, PubMed: 12237308). In COPII vesicle-mediated anterograde transport, involved in the transport of GPI-anchored proteins by acting together with TMED2 as their cargo receptor; the function specifically implies SEC24C and SEC24D of the COPII vesicle coat and lipid raft-like microdomains of the ER (PubMed: 20427317, PubMed: 27569046). Recognizes GPI anchors structural remodeled in the ER by the GPI inositol-deacylase/PGAP1 and the metallophosphoesterase MPPE1/PGAP5 (By similarity). In COPI vesicle-mediated retrograde transport, involved in the biogenesis of COPI vesicles and vesicle coat recruitment (PubMed:11726511). Involved in trafficking of amyloid beta A4 protein and soluble APP-beta release (independent from the modulation of gamma-secretase activity) (PubMed: 17288597). Involved in the KDELR2-mediated retrograde transport of the toxin A subunit (CTX-A- K63)together with COPI and the COOH terminus of KDELR2 (By similarity). On Golgi membranes, acts as a primary receptor for ARF1-GDP, a GTP- binding protein involved in COPI-vesicle formation (PubMed: 11726511). Increases coatomer-dependent GTPase-activating activity of ARFGAP2 which mediates the hydrolysis of ARF1-bound GTP and therefore modulates protein trafficking from the Golgi apparatus (PubMed: 19296914). Involved in the exocytic trafficking of G protein-coupled receptors F2LR1/PAR2 (trypsin and tryspin-like enzyme receptor), OPRM1 (opioid receptor) and P2RY4 (UTD and UDP receptor) from the Golgi to the plasma membrane, thus contributing to receptor resensitization (PubMed:21219331). In addition to its cargo receptor activity, may also act as a protein channel after oligomerization, facilitating the post- translational entry of leaderless cytoplasmic cargo into the ERGIC (PubMed:32272059). Involved in the translocation into ERGIC, the vesicle entry and the secretion of leaderless cargos (lacking the secretion signal sequence), including the mature form of interleukin 1/IL-1 family members, the alpha-crystallin B chain HSPB5, the carbohydrate-binding proteins galectin-1/LGALS1 and galectin-3/LGALS3, the microtubule-associated protein Tau/MAPT, and the annexin A1/ANXA1; the translocation process is dependent on cargo protein unfolding and enhanced by chaperones HSP90AB1 and HSP90B1/GRP9 (PubMed:32272059). Could also associates with the presenilin-dependent gamma-secretase complex in order to regulate gamma-cleavages of the amyloid beta A4 protein to yield amyloid-beta 40/Abeta40 (PubMed: 16641999).

**Cellular Location** 

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, cis-Golgi network membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q63584}; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q63584}; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Melanosome Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

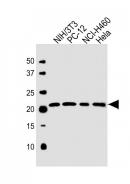
# **Background**

This gene is a member of the EMP24/GP25L/p24 family and encodes a protein with a GOLD domain. This type I membrane protein is localized to the plasma membrane and golgi cisternae and is involved in vesicular protein trafficking. The protein is also a member of a heteromeric secretase complex and regulates the complex's gamma-secretase activity without affecting its epsilon-secretase activity. Mutations in this gene have been associated with early-onset familial Alzheimer's disease. This gene has a pseudogene on chromosome 8.

## References

Wang, H., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 21(8):1398-1408(2010) Zhao, J., et al. BMC Med. Genet. 11, 96 (2010): Pardossi-Piquard, R., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(42):28634-28641(2009) Soranzo, N., et al. PLoS Genet. 5 (4), E1000445 (2009): Liu, S., et al. Eur. J. Neurosci. 28(10):1980-1988(2008)

## **Images**



All lanes: Anti-TMED10 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: PC-12 whole cell lysate Lane 3: NCI-H460 whole cell lysate Lane 4: Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu g$  per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 25 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.