

MEN1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5602

Product Information

Application IF, WB Primary Accession 000255

Other Accession QOP5IO, A2SXS5, O88559, Q9WVR8

Reactivity Human

Predicted Human, Dog, Chicken

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 67497
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID 4221

Antigen Region 3-32

Other Names Menin, MEN1, SCG2

Dilution IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:2000

Target/Specificity This MEN1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 3-32 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human MEN1.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions MEN1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MEN1

Synonyms SCG2

Function

Essential component of a MLL/SET1 histone methyltransferase (HMT) complex, a complex that specifically methylates 'Lys-4' of histone H3 (H3K4). Functions as a transcriptional regulator. Binds to the TERT promoter and represses telomerase expression. Plays a role in TGFB1-mediated inhibition of cell-proliferation, possibly regulating SMAD3 transcriptional activity. Represses JUND-mediated transcriptional activation on AP1 sites, as well as that mediated by NFKB subunit RELA. Positively regulates HOXC8 and HOXC6 gene expression. May be involved in normal hematopoiesis through the activation of HOXA9 expression (By similarity). May be involved in DNA repair.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Concentrated in nuclear body-like structures. Relocates to the

nuclear matrix upon gamma irradiation

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

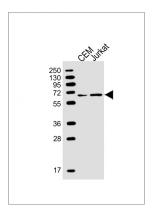
Background

This gene encodes menin, a putative tumor suppressor associated with a syndrome known as multiple endocrine neoplasia type 1. In vitro studies have shown menin is localized to the nucleus, possesses two functional nuclear localization signals, and inhibits transcriptional activation by JunD, however, the function of this protein is not known. Two messages have been detected on northern blots but the larger message has not been characterized. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

References

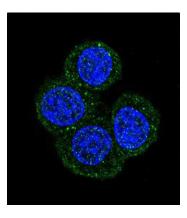
Stratakis, C., et al. Clin. Genet. 78(5):457-463(2010)
Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010)
Skandarajah, A., et al. World J Surg 34(6):1294-1298(2010)
Calender, A. Bull. Acad. Natl. Med. 194(1):81-95(2010)

Images



All lanes: Anti-MEN1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: CEM whole cell lysate Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 68 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of MEN1 Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AW5602) with Hela cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (green).DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.