

# **Beta-Actin Antibody**

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AW5626

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, FC **Primary Accession** P60709

Other Accession P60712, O18840, O71FK5, P60706, O76N69, P60708, O4R561, O711N9,

P60710, Q5R1X3, Q6QAQ1, Q5R6G0, P60711, P60713, Q4L0Y2, P60707

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

**Predicted** Human, Mouse, Dog, Sheep, Chicken

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 41737
Isotype IgG1,Igk
Antigen Source HUMAN

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 60

Antigen Region 1-375

Other Names Actin, cytoplasmic 1, Beta-actin, Actin, cytoplasmic 1, N-terminally processed,

**ACTB** 

**Dilution** WB~~1:4000 IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:25

Target/Specificity This ACTB Monoclonal antibody is generated from mouse immunized with

ACTB recombinant protein.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**Beta-Actin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name ACTB

**Function** Actin is a highly conserved protein that polymerizes to produce filaments

that form cross-linked networks in the cytoplasm of cells (PubMed: 25255767, PubMed: 29581253). Actin exists in both monomeric (G-actin) and polymeric (F-actin) forms, both forms playing key functions, such as cell motility and contraction (PubMed: 29581253). In addition to their role in the cytoplasmic

cytoskeleton, G- and F- actin also localize in the nucleus, and regulate gene transcription and motility and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed:29925947). Plays a role in the assembly of the gamma-tubulin ring complex (gTuRC), which regulates the minus-end nucleation of alpha-beta tubulin heterodimers that grow into microtubule protafilaments (PubMed:39321809, PubMed:38609661). Part of the ACTR1A/ACTB filament around which the dynactin complex is built (By similarity). The dynactin multiprotein complex activates the molecular motor dynein for ultra-processive transport along microtubules (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

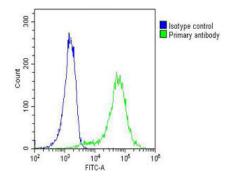
### **Background**

This gene encodes one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, and integrity. This actin is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins.

#### References

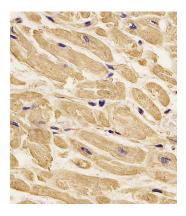
Sex-specific proteome differences in the anterior cingulate cortex of schizophrenia. Martins-de-Souza D, et al. J Psychiatr Res, 2010 Apr 8. PMID 20381070. Identification of a hormone-regulated dynamic nuclear actin network associated with estrogen receptor alpha in human breast cancer cell nuclei. Ambrosino C, et al. Mol Cell Proteomics, 2010 Jun. PMID 20308691. Contribution of rearranged actin structures to the spread of Ectromelia virus infection in vitro. Boratynska A, et al. Acta Virol, 2010. PMID 20201613. Molecular mechanisms underlying nucleocytoplasmic shuttling of actinin-4. Kumeta M, et al. J Cell Sci, 2010 Apr 1. PMID 20197409. Tyrosine phosphorylation of cofilin at Y68 by v-Src leads to its degradation through ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. Yoo Y, et al. Oncogene, 2010 Jan 14. PMID 19802004.

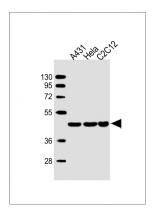
## **Images**



Overlay histogram showing A431 cells stained with AW5626(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AW5626, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Mouse IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OJ192088) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was mouse IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

AW5626 staining ACTB in human heart tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0. 5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.





All lanes: Anti-ACTB Antibody at 1:4000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 3: C2C12 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 42 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.