

# GM-CSF

Catalog # PVGS1015

## Product Information

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<b>Primary Accession Species</b>	<a href="#">P04141</a> Human
<b>Sequence</b>	Ala18-Glu144
<b>Purity</b>	> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE > 95% as analyzed by RP-HPLC
<b>Endotoxin Level</b>	
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 6-30 pg/mL.
<b>Expression System</b>	P. pastoris
<b>Theoretical Molecular Weight</b>	14.4 kDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution in 10 mM Tris-HCl, 4% Mannitol, 1% Sucrose, pH 8.5.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in distilled water up to 100 $\mu$ g/mL.
<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b>	Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	1437
<b>Other Names</b>	Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor, GM-CSF, Colony-stimulating factor, CSF, Molgramostin, Sargramostim, CSF2, GMCSF
<b>Target Background</b>	Granulocyte Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) was initially characterized as a growth factor that can support the in vitro colony formation of granulocyte-macrophage progenitors. Granulocyte Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) is produced by a number of different cell types, including activated T cells, B cells, macrophages, mast cells, endothelial cells, and fibroblasts, in response to cytokine of immune and inflammatory stimuli. Besides granulocyte-macrophage progenitors, Granulocyte Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) is a growth factor for erythroid, megakaryocyte, and eosinophil progenitors. On mature hematopoietic, monocytes/macrophages and eosinophils. Human Granulocyte Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) can induce

human endothelial cells to migrate and proliferate. Additionally, Granulocyte Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) can stimulate the proliferation of a number of tumor cell lines, including osteogenic sarcoma, carcinoma, and adenocarcinoma cell lines.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	CSF2
<b>Synonyms</b>	GMCSF
<b>Function</b>	Cytokine that stimulates the growth and differentiation of hematopoietic precursor cells from various lineages, including granulocytes, macrophages, eosinophils and erythrocytes.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Secreted

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.