

IL-1RA Catalog # PVGS1029

Product Information

Primary Accession Species	<u>P18510</u> Human
Sequence	Arg26-Glu177
Purity	> 96% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE > 96% as analyzed by HPLC
Endotoxin Level Biological Activity	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED ₅₀ as determined by inhibiting IL-1 α -dependent proliferation of murine D10S cells is less than 40.0 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of > 2.5 × 10 ⁴ IU/mg in the presence of 50.0 pg/ml rHuIL-1 α .
Expression System	E. coli
Theoretical Molecular Weight	17.1 kDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.
Reconstitution	It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Additional Information

Gene ID	3557
Other Names	Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist protein, IL-1RN, IL-1ra, IRAP, ICIL-1RA, IL1 inhibitor, Anakinra, IL1RN, IL1F3, IL1RA
Target Background	Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1ra) is a member of the IL-1 family. Endogenous IL-1ra is produced in numerous animal disease models as well as in human autoimmune and chronic inflammatory diseases. It binds to IL-1 receptors in competition with IL-1, but does not elicit intracellular response from this binding. Its role in counteracting the proinflammatory effects of IL-1 is being studied by numerous research groups. IL-4 and IL-13 have been shown to amplify the stimulatory effect of IL1-beta on the production of soluble and intracellular forms of IL1-ra. The regulated expression of IL1ra in various cell types has been shown to be influenced by cytokines. In synovial

fibroblasts the synthesis of IL-1ra is markedly enhanced by IL-1 , TNF-alpha , or PDGF.

Protein Information

Name	IL1RN
Synonyms	IL1F3, IL1RA
Function	Anti-inflammatory antagonist of interleukin-1 family of proinflammatory cytokines such as interleukin-1beta/IL1B and interleukin-1alpha/IL1A. Protects from immune dysregulation and uncontrolled systemic inflammation triggered by IL1 for a range of innate stimulatory agents such as pathogens.
Cellular Location	[Isoform 1]: Secreted [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm.
Tissue Location	The intracellular form of IL1RN is predominantly expressed in epithelial cells

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