

NOGGIN, Human

Catalog # PVGS1066

Product Information

Species Human

Sequence MQHYLHIRPA PSDNLPLVDL IEHPDPIFDP KEKDLNETLL RSLLGGHYDP

GFMATSPPED

RPGGGGAAG GAEDLAELDQ LLRQRPSGAM PSEIKGLEFS EGLAQGKKQR LSKKLRRKLQ MWLWSQTFCP VLYAWNDLGS RFWPRYVKVG SCFSKRSCSV PEGMVCKPSK SVHLTVLRWR CQRRGGQRCG WIPIQYPIIS ECKCSC

Purity > 95 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Endotoxin Level Less than 1 EU/ Ig of rHuNoggin as determined by LAL method.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered concentrated solution in 30 % acetonitrile,

0.1 % TFA.

Reconstitution We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring

the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in 10mM HAc to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate

buffered solutions.

Additional Information

Target Background

Noggin belongs to a group of diffusible proteins which bind to ligands of the TGF-ß family and regulate their activity by inhibiting their access to signaling receptors. Noggin was originally identified as a BMP-4 antagonist whose action is critical for proper formation of the head and other dorsal structures. Consequently, Noggin has been shown to modulate the activities of other BMPs including BMP-2,-7,-13, and -14. Targeted deletion of Noggin in mice results in prenatal death and recessive phenotype displaying a severely malformed skeletal system. Conversely, transgenic mice over-expressing Noggin in mature osteoblasts display impaired osteoblastic differentiation, reduced bone formation, and severe osteoporosis.

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