

## PTH

Catalog # PVGS1103

## **Product Information**

Primary Accession P01270
Species Human

Sequence Leu38-Phe65

**Purity** > 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

**Endotoxin Level** 

**Biological Activity** Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The specific activity is

determined by UMR106 cell/cAMP method, corresponding to a specific

activity of  $> 1.0 \times 10^4$  IU/mg.

**Expression System** E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 3.4 kDa

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

**Storage & Stability** Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or

-20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at

4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5741

Other Names Parathyroid hormone, PTH, Parathormone, Parathyrin, PTH

**Target Background** Polypeptide hormones secreted by the parathyroid glands, which promote

release of calcium from bone to extracellular fluid by activating osteoblasts and inhibiting osteoclasts, indirectly promote increased intestinal absorption of calcium, and promote renal tubular reabsorption of calcium and increased renal excretion of phosphates. It is a major regulator of bone metabolism. Secretion of parathyroid hormone increases when the level of calcium in the

extracellular fluid is low. Its action is opposed by calcitonin.

## **Protein Information**

Name PTH {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:35932760, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:9606}

**Function** Parathyroid hormone elevates calcium level by dissolving the salts in bone

and preventing their renal excretion (PubMed: <u>11604398</u>, PubMed: <u>35932760</u>). Acts by binding to its receptor, PTH1R, activating G protein-coupled receptor

signaling (PubMed: 18375760, PubMed: 35932760). Stimulates

[1-14C]-2-deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in

osteoblastic cells (PubMed:21076856).

**Cellular Location** Secreted

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.