

LIX/CXCL5

Catalog # PVGS1108

Product Information

Primary Accession P50228
Species Mouse

Sequence Ala41-Gln132

Purity > 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level

Biological Activity Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity

determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human peripheral blood

neutrophils is in a concentration of 10.0-100.0 ng/ml.

Expression System E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 9.8 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 150 mM

NaCl.

Reconstitution It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or

-20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at

4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Gene ID 20311

Other Names C-X-C motif chemokine 5, Cytokine LIX, Small-inducible cytokine B5,

GCP-2(1-78), GCP-2(9-78), Cxcl5, Scyb5

Target Background The mouse homolog of ENA-78 is called LIX. ENA-78/LIX is a CXC chemokine

that signals through the CXCR2 receptor. It is expressed in monocytes, platelets, endothelial cells, and mast cells. ENA-78/LIX is a chemoattractant for neutrophils. The three naturally occurring variants of human ENA-78; ENA 5-78, ENA 9-78 and ENA 10-78, contain 74, 70, and 69 amino acid residues, respectively, and possess the same biological activity. ENA-78/LIX contains the four conserved cysteine residues present in CXC chemokines, and also

four conserved cysteine residues present in CXC chemokines, and also contains the 'ELR' motif common to CXC chemokine that bind to the CXCR1

and CXCR2 receptors.

Protein Information

Name Cxcl5

Synonyms Scyb5

Function May participate in the recruitment of inflammatory cells by injured or

infected tissue. GCP-2(1-78) and, more potent, GCP-2(9-78) attract neutrophils

and are involved in neutrophil activation.

Cellular Location Secreted.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.