

Hirudin

Catalog # PVGS1128

Product Information

Primary Accession <u>P84590</u>

Species Medicinal leech

Sequence Val1-Leu63

Purity > 96% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 96% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level

Biological Activity The biological activity is determined by chromogenic assay, 1 unit is defined

as the amount of Hirudin that neutralizes 1 unit of the WHO preparation 89/588 of thrombin. The specific activity is no less than 14,000 ATU/mg

protein.

Expression System P. pastoris

Theoretical Molecular Weight 6.9 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in 20 mM PBS, pH 7.0, 2%

mannitol.

Reconstitution It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in

sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or

-20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at

4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Other Names Hirudin, HIRUD

Target Background Hirudin is a naturally occurring peptide in the salivary glands of blood-sucking

leeches (such as Hirudo medicinalis) that has a blood anticoagulant property. Hirudin is the most potent natural inhibitor of thrombin. Unlike antithrombin, hirudin binds to and inhibits only the activated thrombin, with a specific activity on fibrinogen. Therefore, hirudin prevents or dissolves the formation of clots and thrombi (i.e., it has a thrombolytic activity), and has therapeutic value in blood coagulation disorders, in the treatment of skin hematomas and of superficial varicose veins, either as an injectable or a topical application cream. In some aspects, hirudin has advantages over more commonly used anticoagulants and thrombolytics, such as heparin, as it does not interfere with the biological activity of other serum proteins, and can also act on

Protein Information

Name HIRUD

Function Hirudin is a potent thrombin-specific protease inhibitor. It forms a stable

non-covalent complex with alpha-thrombin, thereby abolishing its ability to

cleave fibrinogen.

Cellular Location Secreted {ECO:0000269 | Ref.1}.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.