

## GRO-α/KC/CXCL1

Catalog # PVGS1154

## **Product Information**

Primary Accession P12850
Species Mouse

Sequence Ala25-Lys96

**Purity** > 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

**Endotoxin Level** 

**Biological Activity** Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity

determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human peripheral blood

neutrophils is in a concentration range of 10.0-100.0 ng/ml.

**Expression System** E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 7.8 kDa

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 \( \text{Im filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.} \)

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in

sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

**Storage & Stability** Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or

-20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at

4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 14825

Other Names Growth-regulated alpha protein, C-X-C motif chemokine 1, Platelet-derived

growth factor-inducible protein KC, Secretory protein N51, KC(5-72), Hematopoietic synergistic factor, HSF, KC-T, Cxcl1, Gro, Gro1, Mgsa, Scyb1

Target Background GRO-α/KC/CXCL1 coded by CXCL1 gene at chromosome 5 is approximately

63% identity to that of mouse MIP2. KC is also approximately 60% identical to the human GROs. Mouse KC is a potent neutrophil attractant and activator. The functional receptor for KC has been identified as CXCR2. Based on the pattern of KC expression in a number of inflammatory disease models, KC appears to have an important role in inflammation. KC was found to be involved in monocyte arrest on atherosclerotic endothelium and may also

play a pathophysiological role in Alzheimer's disease.

## **Protein Information**

Name Cxcl1

**Synonyms** Gro, Gro1, Mgsa, Scyb1

**Function** Has chemotactic activity for neutrophils. Contributes to neutrophil activation

during inflammation (By similarity). Hematoregulatory chemokine, which, in vitro, suppresses hematopoietic progenitor cell proliferation. KC(5-72) shows

a highly enhanced hematopoietic activity.

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.