

MIP-1β/CCL4 Catalog # PVGS1409

Product Information

Primary Accession P13236-1
Species Human

Sequence Ala24-Asn92

Purity > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 95% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level

Biological Activity The EC₅₀ value of human MIP-1 beta /CCL4 on Ca²⁺ mobilization assay in

CHO-K1/ Ga15/hCCR5 cells (human Ga15 and human CCR5 stably expressed

in CHO-K1 cells) is less than 100.0 ng/ml.

Expression System E. coli

Formulation Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.

Reconstitution It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in

ddH₂O or PBS up to 100 □g/ml.

Storage & Stability Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than

-70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw

cycles.

Additional Information

Target Background

Macrophage inflammatory protein 1 beta (MIP-1 β), also known as Chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 4 (CCL4), is a small cytokine belonging to the CC chemokine family. It is a chemo attractant for natural killer cells, monocytes and a variety of other immune cells. MIP-1 β is a major HIV-suppressive factor produced by CD8⁺ T cells. Perforin-low memory CD8⁺ T cells are the most common T-cells that normally synthesize MIP-1-beta in humans. MIP-1 β has been shown to interact with CCL3. It can signal through the CCR5 receptor.

Protein Information

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.