

## CCL23

Catalog # PVGS1469

## **Product Information**

Primary Accession P55773
Species Human

Sequence RFHATSADCC ISYTPRSIPC SLLESYFETN SECSKPGVIF LTKKGRRFCA

NPSDKQVQVC VRMLKLDTRI KTRKN

**Purity** > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Level

**Formulation** Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS. **Reconstitution** Reconstituted in ddH<sub>2</sub>O or PBS at 100 [g/ml.

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6368

Other Names C-C motif chemokine 23, CK-beta-8, CKB-8, Macrophage inflammatory protein

3, MIP-3, Myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor 1, MPIF-1, Small-inducible cytokine A23, CCL23(19-99), CCL23(22-99), CCL23(27-99), CCL23(30-99), CCL23,

MIP3, MPIF1, SCYA23

Target Background Myeloid progenitor inhibitory factor 1 (MPIF-1), also known as Chemokine

(C-C motif) ligand 23 (CCL23) is a small cytokine belonging to the CC chemokine family. MPIF-1 is predominantly expressed in lung and liver tissue, but is also found in bone marrow and placenta. It is also expressed in some cell lines of myeloid origin. It is highly chemotactic for resting T cells and monocytes and slightly chemotactic for neutrophils. MPIF-1 has been shown to inhibit colony formation of bone marrow myeloid immature progenitors. It

has also been attributed to an inhibitory activity on hematopoietic progenitor

cells. MPIF-1 is a ligand for the chemokine receptor CCR1.

Recombinant human MPIF-1/CCL23 (aa46-120) produced in CHO cells is a single polypeptide chain containing 75 amino acids. A fully biologically active molecule, rhMPIF-1/CCL23 (aa46-120) has a molecular mass of 11.3 kDa analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE and is obtained by chromatographic

techniques at.

## **Protein Information**

Name CCL23

**Synonyms** MIP3, MPIF1, SCYA23

**Function** Shows chemotactic activity for monocytes, resting T- lymphocytes, and

neutrophils, but not for activated lymphocytes. Inhibits proliferation of myeloid progenitor cells in colony formation assays. This protein can bind heparin. Binds CCR1. CCL23(19-99), CCL23(22-99), CCL23(27-99), CCL23(30-99)

are more potent chemoattractants than CCL23.

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

**Tissue Location** High levels in adult lung, liver, skeletal muscle and pancreas. Moderate levels

in fetal liver, adult bone marrow and placenta. The short form is the major species and the longer form was detected only in very low abundance. CCL23(19-99), CCL23(22-99), CCL23(27-99), CCL23(30-99) are found in high

levels in synovial fluids from rheumatoid patients.

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