

GRO- β /CXCL2

Catalog # PVGS1499

Product Information

Primary Accession Species	P19875 Human
Sequence	Ala35-Asn107
Purity	> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level Biological Activity	The EC ₅₀ value of human GRO beta on Ca ²⁺ mobilization assay in CHO-K1/Gα15/hCXCR2 cells (human Gα15 and human CXCR2 stably expressed in CHO-K1 cells) is less than 200.0 ng/ml.
Expression System	E. coli
Formulation Reconstitution	Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS. It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH ₂ O or PBS up to 100 µg/ml.
Storage & Stability	Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Gene ID	2920
Other Names	C-X-C motif chemokine 2, Growth-regulated protein beta, Gro-beta, Macrophage inflammatory protein 2-alpha, MIP2-alpha, GRO-beta(5-73), GRO-beta-T, Hematopoietic synergistic factor, HSF, SB-251353, CXCL2, GRO2, GROB, MIP2A, SCYB2
Target Background	Human GRO- α , GRO- β (MIP-2 α), and GRO- γ (MIP-2 β) are products of three distinct, nonallelic human genes. GRO- β and GRO- γ share 90% and 86% amino acid sequence homology, respectively, with GRO- α . All three isoforms of GRO are CXC chemokines that can signal through the CXCR1 or CXCR2 receptors. GRO expression is inducible by serum or PDGF and/or by a variety of inflammatory mediators, such as IL-1 and TNF, in monocytes, fibroblasts, melanocytes and epithelial cells. In certain tumor cell lines, GRO is expressed constitutively. Similar to other alpha chemokines, the three GRO proteins are potent neutrophil attractants and activators. In addition, these chemokines are also active toward basophils.

Protein Information

Name	CXCL2
Synonyms	GRO2, GROB, MIP2A, SCYB2
Function	Produced by activated monocytes and neutrophils and expressed at sites of inflammation. Hematoregulatory chemokine, which, in vitro, suppresses hematopoietic progenitor cell proliferation. GRO-beta(5-73) shows a highly enhanced hematopoietic activity.
Cellular Location	Secreted.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.