

# TPO

Catalog # PVGS1514

## Product Information

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<b>Primary Accession Species</b>	<a href="#">P40225</a> Human
<b>Sequence</b>	Ser22-Gly353
<b>Purity</b>	> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin Level Biological Activity</b>	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using MO7e human megakaryocytic leukemic cells. The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is typically 0.5-5.0 ng/ml.
<b>Expression System</b>	Human Cells
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH <sub>2</sub> O up to 100 µg/ml.
<b>Storage &amp; Stability</b>	Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	7066
<b>Other Names</b>	Thrombopoietin, C-mpl ligand, ML, Megakaryocyte colony-stimulating factor, Megakaryocyte growth and development factor, MGDF, Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene ligand, THPO, MGDF
<b>Target Background</b>	Thrombopoietin (TPO) is a glycoprotein hormone which belongs to the EPO/TPO family. It produced by the liver and kidney which regulates the production of platelets. TPO stimulates the production and differentiation of megakaryocytes, the bone marrow cells that bud off large numbers of platelets. Lineage-specific cytokine affects the proliferation and maturation of megakaryocytes from their committed progenitor cells. It acts at a late stage of megakaryocyte development. It may be the major physiological regulator of circulating platelets.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	THPO
<b>Synonyms</b>	MGDF
<b>Function</b>	Lineage-specific cytokine affecting the proliferation and maturation of megakaryocytes from their committed progenitor cells. It acts at a late stage of megakaryocyte development. It may be the major physiological regulator of circulating platelets.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Secreted

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.