

## B7-1/CD80

Catalog # PVGS1517

## **Product Information**

Primary Accession P33681
Species Human

Sequence Val35-Asn242

**Purity** > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin Level** 

Biological Activity

Assay #1: Immobilized CTLA-4, hFc, Human (Cat.No.: Z03373) at 2.0 \( \text{Ig/ml} \)

(100 ☐/well) can bind biotinylated B7-1/CD80, hFc, Human.

Assay #2: Immobilized CD28, hFc, Human (Cat.No.: Z03413) at 2.0 [g/ml (100

□/well) can bind biotinylated B7-1/CD80, hFc, Human.

Expression System HEK 293

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in PBS.

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in

ddH<sub>2</sub>O or PBS up to 100 ☐g/ml.

**Storage & Stability** Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than

-70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw

cycles.

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 941

Other Names T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80, Activation B7-1 antigen, BB1, CTLA-4

counter-receptor B7.1, B7, CD80, CD80, CD28LG, CD28LG1, LAB7

**Target Background** B7-1/CD80 and B7-2/CD86, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA-4,

constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T- and B-cell responses. Although both CTLA-4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA-4 binds to B7-1 and B7-2 with a 20-100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the down-regulation of the immune response. Mature human B7-1 consists of a 208 amino acid extracellular domain (ECD) with two immunoglobulin-like domains, a 21 amino acid transmembrane domain, and a 25 amino acid cytoplasmic domain. Both human and mouse B7-1 and B7-2 can bind to either human or mouse CD28 and sCTLA-4. B7-1 is expressed on activated B cells, activated T cells, and macrophages. B7-2 is constitutively

expressed on interdigitating dendritic cells, Langerhans cells, peripheral blood dendritic cells, memory B cells, and germinal center B cells.

## **Protein Information**

Name CD80

**Synonyms** CD28LG, CD28LG1, LAB7

**Function** Costimulatory molecule that belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily

that plays an important role in T-lymphocyte activation (PubMed:<u>38467718</u>). Acts as the primary auxiliary signal augmenting the MHC/TCR signal in naive T-cells together with the CD28 receptor which is constitutively expressed on the cell surface of T-cells (PubMed:<u>12196291</u>). In turn, activates different signaling pathways such as NF-kappa-B or MAPK leading to the production of

different cytokines (PubMed:<u>10438913</u>). In addition, CD28/CD80

costimulatory signal stimulates glucose metabolism and ATP synthesis of T-cells by activating the PI3K/Akt signaling pathway (PubMed:12121659). Also acts as a regulator of PDL1/PDCD1 interactions to limit excess engagement of PDL1 and its inhibitory role in immune responses (PubMed:36727298). Expressed on B-cells, plays a critical role in regulating interactions between B-cells and T-cells in both early and late germinal center responses, which are

crucial for the generation of effective humoral immune responses (By

similarity).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location Expressed on activated B-cells, macrophages and dendritic cells

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