

GCP-2/CXCL6

Catalog # PVGS1674

Product Information

Primary Accession P80162
Species Human

Sequence Val43-Asn114

Purity > 98% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

> 98% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level

Biological Activity Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity

determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human neutrophils is in a

concentration range of 10.0-50.0 ng/ml.

Expression System E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight 7.9 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 Im filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to

bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than

-70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at

4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Gene ID 6372

Other Names C-X-C motif chemokine 6, Chemokine alpha 3, CKA-3, Granulocyte chemotactic

protein 2, GCP-2, Small-inducible cytokine B6, Small-inducible cytokine B6, N-processed variant 1, Small-inducible cytokine B6, N-processed variant 2, Small-inducible cytokine B6, N-processed variant 3, CXCL6, GCP2, SCYB6

Target Background Granulocyte chemotactic protein 2 (GCP-2) also known as Chemokine (C-X-C

motif) ligand 6 (CXCL6) is a small cytokine belonging to the CXC chemokine family. As its former name suggests, GCP-2 is a chemoattractant for neutrophilic granulocytes. Among human CXC chemokines, GCP2 is most closely related to ENA78 (78% amino acid (aa) sequence identity in the mature peptide region and 86% identity in the signal sequence). The structure and sequence of the genes for human GCP2 and ENA78 also exhibit close similarity suggesting the two genes may have originated from a gene

Protein Information

Name CXCL6

Synonyms GCP2, SCYB6

Function Chemotactic for neutrophil granulocytes. Signals through binding and

activation of its receptors (CXCR1 and CXCR2). In addition to its chemotactic

and angiogenic properties, it has strong antibacterial activity against

Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria (90-fold-higher when compared to

CXCL5 and CXCL7).

Cellular Location Secreted.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.