

CD5

Catalog # PVGS1885

Product Information

Primary Accession P13379
Species Mouse

Sequence Ser25-Pro371

Purity > 95% as determined by Bis-Tris PAGE

> 95% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level Less than 1EU per g by the LAL method.

Expression System HEK293

Theoretical Molecular Weight 38.9 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.22 Im filtered solution in PBS , (pH 7.4).

Reconstitution Centrifuge the tube before opening. Reconstituting to a concentration more

than 100 [g/ml is recommended. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled

water.

Storage & Stability Upon receiving, the product remains stable up to 6 months at -20 °C or below.

Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for 3 months at -80 °C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Gene ID 12507

Other Names T-cell surface glycoprotein CD5, Lymphocyte antigen 1, Ly-1, Lyt-1, CD5, Cd5,

Ly-1

Target Background CD5: a type I transmembrane protein found on T cells, thymocytes, and some

B cells that is a ligand for CD72 and is involved in cellular activation or adhesion; expressed in B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia and T-cell

lymphoma.

Protein Information

Name Cd5

Synonyms Ly-1

Function Lymphoid-specific receptor expressed by all T-cells and in a subset of B-cells

known as B1a cells. Plays a role in the regulation of TCR and BCR signaling, thymocyte selection, T-cell effector differentiation and immune tolerance (PubMed:35720357). Acts by interacting with several ligands expressed on B-cells such as CD5L or CD72 and thereby plays an important role in contact-mediated, T- dependent B-cell activation and in the maintenance of regulatory T and B-cell homeostasis (PubMed:24950378, PubMed:9064341, PubMed:9723705). Functions as a negative regulator of TCR signaling during thymocyte development by associating with several signaling proteins including LCK, CD3Z chain, PI3K or CBL (PubMed:11157848). Mechanistically, co-engagement of CD3 with CD5 enhances phosphorylated CBL recruitment leading to increased VAV1 phosphorylation and degradation (By similarity). Modulates B-cell biology through ERK1/2 activation in a Ca(2+)-dependent pathway via the non-selective Ca(2+) channel TRPC1, leading to IL-10 production (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

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