

CD3E/CD3 epsilon 1-27

Catalog # PVGS1890

Product Information

Primary Accession Species	P07766 Human
Sequence	Asp23-Thr48
Purity	> 95% as determined by Bis-Tris PAGE> 95% as determined by HPLC
Endotoxin Level	Less than 1EU per Ig by the LAL method.
Biological Activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized CD3E/CD3 epsilon 1-27 hFc Chimera, Avi, Human at 1 [g/ml (100 []/well) on the plate can bind Biotinylated Anti-CD3 Antibody, hFc Tag. Test result was comparable to standard batch.
Expression System	HEK293
Theoretical Molecular Weight	31.3 kDa
Formulation Reconstitution	Lyophilized from a 0.22 Im filtered solution in PBS , (pH 7.4). Centrifuge the tube before opening. Reconstituting to a concentration more than 100 Ig/ml is recommended. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.
Storage & Stability	Upon receiving, the product remains stable up to 6 months at -20 °C or below. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for 3 months at -80 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Additional Information

Gene ID	916
Other Names	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain, T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain, CD3e, CD3E, T3E
Target Background	CD3E, is a single-pass type I membrane protein.CD3 (cluster of differentiation 3) T cell co-receptor helps to activate both the cytotoxic T cell (CD8 naive T cells) and also T helper cells (CD4 naive T cells). It consists of a protein complex and is composed of four distinct chains. In mammals, the complex contains a CD3y chain, a CD3& chain, and two CD3& chains

Protein Information

Name	CD3E
Synonyms	T3E
Function	Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays an essential role in adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR- mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling pathways (PubMed:2470098). In addition of this role of signal transduction in T-cell activation, CD3E plays an essential role in correct T-cell development. Initiates the TCR-CD3 complex assembly by forming the two heterodimers CD3D/CD3E and CD3G/CD3E. Also participates in internalization and cell surface down- regulation of TCR-CD3 complexes via endocytosis sequences present in CD3E cytosolic region (PubMed:10384095, PubMed:26507128). In addition to its role as a TCR coreceptor, it serves as a receptor for ITPRIPL1. Ligand recognition inhibits T-cell activation by promoting interaction with NCK1, which prevents CD3E-ZAP70 interaction and blocks the ERK- NFkB signaling cascade and calcium influx (PubMed: <u>38614099</u>).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

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